

AMUSEMENTS—With Dates of Events.

LOS ANGELES THEATRE
THE FINEST PRODUCTION THIS SEASON.
C. B. Jefferson, Klav & Erlanger's Wonderful Production,
PALMER 66 "BROWNIES" 59 Matinee Today. Last
CON'S ONLY MATINEE THIS AFTERNOON. Performance Tonight.
Prices for this great attraction, \$1.50, 75c, 50c and 25c. Telephone Main 70.

LOS ANGELES THEATRE—
SUNDAY, JAN. 10, 8 P.M.
"Our Lord's Second Coming
for the Good of the World,"
By James B. Davenport, Evangelist.
This is not so-called Second Adventism.
Admission free: no collection.
All are invited.

LOS ANGELES THEATRE—
COMMENCING MONDAY, Jan. 11, TWO WEEKS
GRAU'S OPERA COMPANY
At People's prices.
REPERTOIRE: Monday, "Beggars' Children"; Tuesday, "Fra Diavolo"; Wednesday, "Paul Jones"; Thursday, "The Pirates of Penzance"; Friday, "The Mikado"; Saturday, "The Pirates of Penzance"; Sunday, "The Mikado".
Bargain Matinee Wednesday, Saturday and Sunday. Adults 25c to any part of house; Children, any seat, 10c. Telephone Main 1447.

ORPHEUM—
MATINEE TODAY
Clermont's Animals, introducing his wonderful POODLE, who plays the piano; the TALKING ROOSTERS, the EDUCATED DONKEY, and ACROBATIC WILD BOARS. 3 Dumb Sisters, Gotham's Favorite Singing and Dancing Southerners. Kady, Galletti's Monkeys, Cushman and Holcombe. Romulo Bros. Stuart Triz La Belle, Mousseu contortion. Performance every evening, including Sunday. Seats, 10c, 25c and 50c. Bargain Matinee Wednesday, Saturday and Sunday. Adults 25c to any part of house; Children, any seat, 10c. Telephone Main 1447.

BURBANK THEATRE—
A. Y. PEARSON, Manager.
Popular with the people—Always packed to the doors. The only Theatre in Los Angeles Heated by Steam. A Great Hit "Last Night." MATINEE TODAY, TONIGHT and TOMORROW NIGHT, THE BIG REALISTIC PRODUCTION
"THE POLICE PATROL."
See the HAYMARKET SQUARE, THE BEAUTIFUL WHITE PATROL, THE POLICE CALL AND QUICK HIT.
Seats now on sale. Box office open from 2:30 p.m. to 9:30 p.m. Tel. Main 1270. Next Week—H. RYDER HAGGARD'S SRE.

IN PASADENA—"THE MESSIAH"
Under the direction of Mr. O. Stewart Taylor.
Universal Church, Tuesday Evening, Jan. 12. Soloists—Mrs. Lillian P. Burdette, Mrs. Minnie H. Owens, John H. Zink, Henry S. Williams. Reserved seats at Glasgow & Froman's, Pasadena, 41, 75c and 50c. Electric cars from Los Angeles stop at the door going and returning.

STRICT FARM, SOUTH PASADENA—Open Daily to Visitors.
SIXTY GIANTIC BIRDS—TWENTY CHICKS A FEW WEEKS OLD.
The most interesting and peculiar sight for miners' gold, also old gold and silver in any form. Mines and mine machinery examined and dealt in. Appropriate California souv. nirs. Pasadena Electric Cars pass the gate.

MISCELLANEOUS—
PORTRAITS—old photographs or direct from life.
Carbons, Platinotypes.
230 S. Spring, opp. L. A. Theater and Hollenbeck.

ELSNORE
HOT SPRINGS.
THE LAKE VIEW HOTEL has the Finest Hot Mineral Water and Mud Baths to be found in California. Elevation, 1,300 feet.
C. S. TRAPHAGEN, Manager.

WING HING WO CO., IMPORTERS OF CHINESE AND JAP.
No 28, Spring Street, Los Angeles. ANSESE ART GOODS AND CURIOS.
Gold and Silver. Ladies' Embroidered Handkerchiefs, 5c, 10c, 25c and 50c. Gentlemen's Handkerchiefs from 25c to \$1.25. Magnificent carved ebony cabinets for \$10 that never sold before for less than \$150. Goods packed free of charge.

REDONDO CARNATIONS—AND CHOICE ROSES: CUT FLOWERS
and Floral designs. R. F. COLLINS,
290 S. Broadway, same side City Hall. Tel. 119. Flowers packed for shipping.

INGLESIDE FLORAL COMPANY, 140 South Spring Street
flowers. Includes Carnations—F. Edward Gray.

JOHN S. CALKIN'S OLIVE NURSERIES, Pomona, Cal.
"Notes of Interest to Olive Tree Planters" mailed free. Price List and Everything in Nurseries.

BLANCHARD-FITZGERALD MUSIC CO., Everything in Music.
THE MATCHLESS SHAW PIANOS. 216-218 W. THIRD.
KOHLER & CHASE, PIANO DEALERS, Moved to 427 S. Broadway.

The Morning's News in The Times
IN BRIEF.

The City—Pages 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 14
Col. Francis Nelson's peculiar mission... A Parkhurst goes abroad for fame... A surprise in the Spencer case... Educators want a national convention in Los Angeles... Main street paving job to be investigated... Shot-gold suicide... Another suit against the Herald... Death of Deputy Sheriff Wilson... Ex-railroad man accused of passing bogus checks... Mayor Snyder explains.
Southern California—Page 13.
Hold thieves at Pasadena... Another phase of the San Diego water fight... Santa Barbara to employ prisoners on the streets... Bicyclists propose to fight the railroads... Harbor Board goes to Catalina today... Farmers' institute at Redlands... Anaheim Cooperative Beet Company levies an assessment... A curfew rule established at Long Beach.
At Large—Pages 1, 2, 3.
Dispatches were also received from Boston, London, New York, Christiania, Norway, Boise, Idaho; Washington, Salt Lake, Denver, Dover, Del.; Chicago, San Francisco, Ottawa, Ill., and other places.
Financial and Commercial—Page 12.
Prospects of a good rise in the price of California flat wheat... Weekly reviews of trade by Dun and Bradstreet agencies... Bradstreet's clearing-house statement... New York shares and money... Liverpool grain market... Drafts, silver and money... Produce, fruit and miscellaneous.
Weather Forecast.
SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 8.—For Southern California: Fair Saturday; continued cold weather; light variable winds and heavy frosts Saturday morning.

INTRENCING.

Shortridge in Perkins's Deserted Works.

Prepares to Train His Artillery on the Legislators.

Rumors of a Break in the Line by Next Monday.

Chairman Combs Making Up Assembly Committee—Guy Will Head the Ways and Means—Where the Southern Members are Placed.

(BY THE TIMES' SPECIAL WIRE)
SACRAMENTO, Jan. 8.—(Special Dispatch.) The Senatorial fight has been transferred to San Francisco. Many members went there yesterday and today. Charles Shortridge is still here, and he has been busy engaged all day in trying to make votes for Sam among the Democrats and Populists. There is no evidence yet that he has met with any success. He and his friends, however, claim that Perkins is losing ground, and rumors are growing more persistent that money will be freely used in the fight.

In the absence of Perkins's managers, Shortridge has secured the rooms occupied by them as headquarters at the Golden Eagle Hotel, and will use them as his brother's headquarters next week. As the hotel is crowded, this may force the Senator's friends to take rooms elsewhere. This would be an inconvenience, as the Golden Eagle is the very center of the political vortex.

Chairman Combs has decided upon the personnel of many of the Assembly committees, though no announcements will be made till Monday. Guy of San Diego will have the chairmanship of the Ways and Means Committee as a reward for his withdrawal from the Speakership fight. Belshaw has also expected this chairmanship, as he is the only holdover member of the Ways and Means Committee. Guy was Combs's chief rival for the Speakership. He will be able to bring strong pressure to bear to secure the passage of his bill appropriating \$75,000 for the Normal School at San Diego.

Melick will have the Committee on Commissions and Pensions. Harris will have Public Lands; Valentine, Municipal Corporations; Cross, Military Affairs; Lind-nelson, Irrigation; Kenyon, Contested Elections; Vossburg, Attaches; Price, Agriculture; Belshaw, Claims; Cutter, Corporations; North of Alameda, Election Laws; Strain, Fish and Game; Waymire, Judiciary; Brelling, Mileage; Wright, Public Buildings; Bettmann, Public Morals; Leavitt, Public Printing; Clark, Roads and Highways; Chynoweth, Rules and Regulations; Denney, Labor and Capital.

Canavan will probably be chairman of the Committee on State Prisons, though Ennis has also been an aspirant for the place. The Commerce and Navigation chairmanship will go to San Francisco, as usual, and Jones will probably get it. Dibble of San Francisco will be at the head of the Committee on Revision of the Code, one of the most important committees of the Assembly.

An important amendment will probably be offered to the Senate rules, which, if adopted, will deprive the Governor of his pocket-veto power. The amendment will provide that no bill shall be sent to the Governor for his signature later than the twelfth day prior to the close of the session. The effect of this rule would be that all bills which the Governor failed to sign would become law. It would also give an opportunity to pass all bills over the Governor's veto. Under the present system the pocket veto may dispose of any bills passed within the last ten days of the session, and there is no opportunity for the Legislature to pass over the veto.

BREAKS IN THE LINE.
SACRAMENTO, Jan. 8.—Speaker Combs of the Assembly says tonight that he will have no objection to the selection of standing committees at the opening of the session at noon on Monday.

The majority of the membership of both houses has left the city, and the talk of a Senatorial contest has quieted to a mere buzz of rumor. The report has gained currency that when the first ballot is taken on Monday, Irving M. Scott of San Francisco, will appear with three votes for United States Senator, and that these votes will be drawn from the Perkins side.

Assemblyman Guy of San Diego county, says that he is in receipt of a large number of letters and telegrams from prominent Republicans of his district urging him to desert the Perkins camp, and to support Shortridge instead. He is, however, in the Shortridge interest or some other, he declines to say.

Regarding the rumor that the members from south of the Tehachep would desert Perkins after the first ballot, if more than one is necessary, Mr. Guy and other southern delegates say that there is no basis for the statement.

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE.
(THIRTY-SECOND SESSION.)
(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)
SACRAMENTO, Jan. 8.—SENATE.—In the Senate this morning a resolution was presented embodying a memorial to the Congress of the California State Fruit-Growers' convention fixing the tariff on all imported fruits and petitioning Congress to act on the same. The resolution provoked considerable debate. Senator More-

GROVE'S JAW

Wags Viciously in the Lower House.

Editor Hearst's Reputation is Made a Target.

Interest in the Funding Bill Overshadowed.

The California Member's Philippic Pronounced to Be the Most Disgraceful Attack in the Legislative Annals of the United States.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE)
WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—The second day's debate on the Union Pacific Funding Bill developed by far the most sensational incident of this session of Congress. Mr. Johnson of California (Rep.), the only member of the California delegation who favors the Funding Bill, in the course of his remarks, took occasion to make a remarkable vituperative personal attack on Editor Hearst of the San Francisco Examiner. He described Mr. Hearst and Mayor Sutter as men who were terrorizing the Pacific Coast members, and made some statements concerning the former which led Mr. Cooper of Wisconsin (Rep.) to characterize it later as the "most disgraceful attack in the legislative annals of the United States."

The members, who had been listening attentively to Mr. Johnson's remarks, were startled by the attack. The most entertaining speakers in the House, were thunderstruck at the lengths to which he went. Only at the last session Mr. Johnson denounced Mr. Hearst, but on that occasion he was called to order by Mr. Maguire of California. Today he completed his philippic without interruption. The speech created a profound sensation, which was increased by Mr. Cooper's denunciation of it as a cowardly attempt to blacken the reputation of a man of "positive genius." Mr. Cooper also took occasion to score the gentleman from California roundly for his attitude toward the bill.

Mr. Johnson made no attempt to reply to Mr. Cooper. This incident closed today's session. Tomorrow the bill will be taken up for amendment under the five-minute rule.

Those who spoke today were: Messrs. Patterson of Tennessee (Dem.); Johnson of California (Rep.); Arnold of Pennsylvania (Rep.); and Hepburn of Iowa (Rep.) in favor of the measure, and Messrs. Harrison of Alabama (Dem.); Boatner of Louisiana (Dem.); Stinson of Virginia (Dem.); McCall of Massachusetts (Rep.); Wheeler of Alabama (Dem.); and Cooper of Wisconsin (Rep.) against it.

Mr. Harrison gave notice of a substitute should offer to provide for a commission to consist of the Secretary of the Treasury, Secretary of the Interior, and Attorney-General, to negotiate the settlement of the debt.

FIFTY-FOURTH CONGRESS.
(REGULAR SESSION.)
(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE)
WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—HOUSE.—The House today resumed debate on the Pacific Railway Funding Bill. Mr. Payne of New York (Rep.) occupied the first hour.

Mr. Patterson of Tennessee (Dem.) member of the committee, opened the debate today with a half-hour's speech in favor of the measure. It was unnecessary to discuss the bill, he said, which had no standing in court. The truth was, the government loans its bonds to projectors on security which the United States accepted. The projectors accepted no trust relation to the government. The second mortgage held by the government was for 225 miles. Each mile carried an indebtedness of \$53,545.

"I confess," said he, "my face is set like flint against governmental control of these roads." (Applause.)

In conclusion he said he believed the bill presented the best bargain the government could make.

"CUBAN DIET."

Spanish Butcheries at Guanabacoa.

Great Pit Filled with Human Bodies and Fragments.

Permission to Bury the Remains is Brutally Refused.

The Edict Forbidding Removal of Furniture Without Notice Taken Advantage of to Wreck Buildings and Kill Occupants.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE)
NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—A Key West dispatch to the World says:
"Evidence of awful butcheries at Guanabacoa, according to daily advices from Havana report that a great pit filled with corpses and human fragments was discovered Monday in a cane field, not more than a mile from that place. A careful investigation revealed at least twenty whole bodies and many more legs and arms, parts of dismembered bodies being missing."

"Of the bodies remaining entire, four were those of women, three of young misses, one of a girl not more than 10 years old; four of boys and the rest of men. Permission to bury the remains was brutally refused, with a threat that if this slaughter was complained of, many more would be added to what the Spanish officers called the 'Cuban diet' pile."

"The edict forbidding removal of furniture and other things previously asked for twenty-four hours previously, is taken advantage of by the Spanish soldiers to wreck buildings and revile and insult, if not kill, persons suspected of Cuban leanings."

"Some families in the poorer sections of the city who did not know of the edict started to move Sunday night. After they had loaded their furniture on wagons, the police and soldiers appeared and killed eight persons, including several innocent passers-by. In the official report it was stated that the troops had been attacked, and several rebels had been killed."

"A girl's high school near the center of town was entered by troops one day last week, and the principal, an elderly Cuban-born woman, very prominent in the city, was killed. Eight persons in command and beg pardon for using translations of textbooks printed in the United States. The girl pupils were insulted and ruled with a rod of iron. The school was broken up in disorder. A complaint to the commandant only excited laughter that 'such a little thing' was complained of."

"Havana is much agitated by rumors of victory by Gomez's troops, of the successful crossing of the trocha into Pinar del Rio, and of several routs of the Spanish troops."

"Gen. Weyler is execrated on every hand, but on account of his personal popularity and Weyler's system of spies, no one dares to say a word aloud. Everyone thinks his neighbor a spy, and little is said by anyone. Spies by the hundred attend the open-air concerts, and the least dissatisfaction expressed is used as a pretext, and the victim is thrust into the Cabanas or Moro Castle, most likely never to be seen again by friends and kindred. Scarcely a night passes but from ten to twenty persons disappear and everyone knows what that means."

LOOK OUT, FILIBUSTERS!
A Cruiser with Pneumatic Tubes to Take the Warpath.
(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE)
PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 8.—When the dynamite cruiser Vesuvius leaves the League Island Navy-yard a few days hence to assist in the destruction of filibusters on the Florida Coast, she will carry all three of her pneumatic tubes in perfect condition for throwing aerial torpedoes.

The statement that these tubes had been removed is a mistake. Not only will the tubes be ready for service in as good condition as when they made such wonderfully accurate target practice at Port Royal, but they will have the advantage of the projector on each carrying either 50, 200 or 500 pounds of nitro-gelatin and these projectiles are now fitted with fuses that will explode them wherever they strike.

As the range of the 50-pound projectile is more than three miles and that of the 200-pounders is about two miles, the terrible power of this craft in attacking shore fortifications can hardly be estimated. While lying at a comparatively safe distance from a fort in the day time and at an absolutely safe distance at night, the Vesuvius might destroy a whole garrison by a half-dozen well-pointed 200-pound torpedoes.

A NEW SYSTEM.
Havana Newspaper's Comment on the Shipments of Arms.
(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE)
NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—A special to the Herald from Havana says: "El Pais, a newspaper here, gives detailed accounts of a system followed by the Cuban Junta in trying to send arms and ammunition to Cuban rebels on vessels which have legally cleared from the United States. It alleges it is the intention of the Junta to cause trouble between Spain and the United States. It adds that any vessel having arms could be seized by a Spanish man-of-war, as in the case of the 'United States' would acknowledge the right of Spain to do so."

DAUNTLESS ASKS CLEARANCE PAPERS.
WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—The Secretary of the Treasury received a telegram from the Collector of Customs at Jacksonville, Fla., stating the suspected filibuster Dauntless has returned and represented that he had been on a wrecking expedition and asked for clearances for Neuvas, Cuba, with a cargo of arms and other munitions of war. The collector asked instructions. The Secretary replied requesting a full

report. Until this is received the clearance papers will be withheld.

INTRIGUE AGAINST WEYLER.

The Marquis of Apezteguia May Get In His Work.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.) NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—A copyrighted dispatch to the World from Havana, via Tampa, January 8, says: "An intrigue is on foot here against Gen. Weyler, as a year ago there was an intrigue against Gen. Campos and the fine official gentleman was compelled to retire from Cuba. The leaders of the Union Constitutional party (the Spanish Conservatives) whose policy has always been that of rule by force at that time finding that Gen. Campos was disposed to recognize others than themselves, plotted against him in Spain as well as in Cuba, and the honest, sincere and chivalrous gentleman was forced to retire.

"Already some of the men who led the movement against Campos are engaged in the same kind of plotting against Gen. Weyler. The Marquis de Apezteguia, president of the Union Constitutional party, is a Cuban, but he outdoes the most pronounced Standard in his conservatism. He is the managing director of a great sugar estate near Cienfuegos that is owned by a company controlled by the Welsh brothers in New York. He and other others have done much to create the conditions which led to the present rebellion. He is exonerated by the insurgent leaders from all blame.

"Gomez tried to destroy the Constancia sugar plantation, but De Apezteguia placed a private armed guard of 600 men on the plantation. He now maintains Weyler has forbidden the grinding of cane and sugar-making, as a military measure, but he has run up against the interests of the Marquis.

"De Apezteguia recently intimated, in the press, that he would leave Havana on January 10. This movement is regarded as being intended to show Weyler that he proposes to make his fight for Madrid. The government has indications that Weyler's official term will soon end. Private intelligence shows that a crisis may be precipitated any day."

THE OTHER SIDE.

LONDON, Jan. 8.—The Standard's Madrid correspondent says: "Despite the criticisms of the opposition press, Capt. Gen. Weyler has certainly regained favor in official circles since the imposing demonstration of sympathy by the loyalist clubs and the commercial and agricultural interests of Havana. These bodies have sent telegrams to the home government strongly advising it to retain Gen. Weyler in the chief command. The government also seems to be satisfied with Gen. Weyler's latest report.

"It is stated that the proposed Cuban reforms will be very extensive, placing all the services of the island under the direction of the new administrative council, but retaining in the hands of the home government all matters concerning the army and navy, the judiciary, taxation and the public debt. The foundation for the Spanish sovereignty. The councils of both Porto Rico and Cuba will be consulted, however, with reference to their budget and taxation and their opinion will be submitted to the courts.

A SPANISH DEFEAT.

Attempt to Prevent an Expedition Landing Results in Disaster.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.) CINCINNATI (O.), Jan. 8.—A special to the Commercial Tribune from Key West says:

"A report from points near Matanzas confirm news received yesterday of a defeat suffered by the Spanish at the hands of one of Gomez's captains on Tuesday. The Spaniards had an idea that another expedition was to be landed at some point west of Matanzas on the 7th, and a charge detachment were sent off to ambush the escort that they thought the Cubans would send. This the Cubans heard of and organized a counter ambush. Four hundred Cubans were concealed on the road that the Spaniards would take. They were sent off to ambush the escort that they thought the Cubans would send. This the Cubans heard of and organized a counter ambush. Four hundred Cubans were concealed on the road that the Spaniards would take.

The Spaniards were completely routed. Over forty-five Spaniards were killed, and the Cubans, acting as guides, were liberated. The latter, renegades, as the guides were called, had a short trial and a speedier death, being cut down with machetes. The Spanish report has not yet been made public.

HAVANA NOTES.

Trial of a Naturalized American Charged with Conspiracy.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.) HAVANA, Jan. 8.—The trial of Luis Somellán, a naturalized American citizen, on a charge of conspiracy, was commenced this afternoon. The lawyer for the defense first requested that there should be six magistrates in the tribunal, instead of the usual three, and that the trial should be held in the United States Consul-General occupied a seat of honor in the courtroom.

The trial commenced with the reading of telegrams from Key West and papers captured from a prisoner which seemed to incriminate Somellán. Somellán declared these cable dispatches were false, and that he was José. He said he was personally sick in bed at the time indicated in the dispatches. He declared that Somellán's conduct had been good, but there was public rumor to the effect that he was disloyal to Spain.

The proceedings will be continued tomorrow.

THE JUNTA SAYS NO.

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—At the offices of the Cuban junta in this city today it was emphatically declared that any terms of peace had been sent to Maximiliano Gomez, commander of the army, by Señor Segasá, the Liberal leader in Spain.

FIVE CHILDREN DROWNED

A WAGONLOAD OF HUMAN FREIGHT DUMPED IN A CREEK.

Thomas Wilson and Daughter Save Themselves, but the Little Ones Perish—Second Fatal Result of the Floods in the Same Vicinity.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.) PLATO (Mo.), Jan. 8.—News has just reached here of the drowning of five children on Saturday, the second as a result of the floods.

Thomas Wilson, accompanied by his daughter, Mrs. Kinney, and her five children, attempted to ford Prairie Creek, which was very high as a result of recent rains. The team became unmanageable and soon lost their foothold. The wagon weighted with its human freight sank and the sideboards floated away, throwing the entire party into the water. Mr. Wilson and Mrs. Kinney succeeded in getting to the shore, but the children were drowned. Three of the bodies have been recovered.

Dan McGlathlin was drowned the same day in Mill Creek.

COAST RECORD.

"BREAKERS AHEAD."

THE CRY WHICH STARTLED THE CREW OF BARK ANDRINA.

For Four Days They Had Not Seen Either Sun or Stars Because of a Dense Fog.

THE VESSEL ALL BUT WRECKED

THE MEN ABANDONED HER ONLY TO RETURN AND SAVE HER.

Hawaiian and Oriental Advice, Frank Preskett Killed on Ward, Walter's Children.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.) SEATTLE, Jan. 8.—A special to the Post-Intelligencer from Port Angeles says: "The four-masted British bark Andrina, Capt. B. V. Smith, arrived here today in tow of the tug Tyee, and the captain and crew are thankful that they are in port again, having escaped the Vancouver coast near Cape Beale on January 6. The ship was deserted by the crew, and it was only by good fortune that she was saved.

Capt. Smith says that for four days he had seen no sun or stars, as during the entire time they were surrounded by dense fog. At noon Wednesday a shout of "Breakers ahead!" was the first warning he had of the dangerous position, in which he was placed. A heavy sea was running at the time, and an attempt to weather the ship proved futile. Two anchors were then let go, and as the big ship rounded, one of the cables parted, leaving her within one hundred feet of the shore and in imminent danger of parting the other cable.

The breakers were running forty feet high, and the ship was in a perilous position, apparently, of saving the vessel, it was finally decided to launch the boats and attempt to reach shore. Several boats were capsize as soon as launched, but eventually the crew saved, leaving her within one hundred feet of the shore and in imminent danger of parting the other cable.

"A landing was at last effected, and the ship was towed to the wharf. In the morning the weather had moderated, and as the ship sailed to her anchor, the captain and crew were put off, and after some difficulty, succeeded in getting aboard. At this time the ship was out of danger, but her position was shown when an attempt was made to raise the anchor, the chain parting, though fortunately not until the sails were hoisted, and she was managed to get under way before they could be caught in the undertow. The ship was then towed to the wharf, and the crew and cargo were safely landed.

THE CONSTABLE'S SALARY.

Fixed at Not More Than a Thousand a Year.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.) SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 8.—The Supreme Court today held that a constable of Los Angeles county was entitled to receive remuneration for official services as provided by subdivision 1 of section 2 of the County Government Act of 1887.

The constable claimed that he was entitled to all the fees of the office in criminal matters, and brought action for the unpaid fees. The court held that he was entitled to the fees for the entire amount of fees he had collected as constable. This decision fixes the salary of the constable at not more than \$1000 a year.

OVER-SEA ADVICES.

Hawaiian Minister Cooper Reports Good Prospects for Annexation.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.) SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 8.—The Consulate brought advices from Honolulu to the effect that Minister Henry E. Cooper has presented to the President and Cabinet a full report of his trip to the Hawaiian Islands, and that the prominent men on Hawaiian matters. The Minister stated that his conviction was there would be a determination of the Hawaiian question within a year, and that he regarded the prospect of annexation as excellent. No effort will be made on the part of Hawaii to bring up the question at the present Congress, but Mr. Cooper stands in readiness to act at the special session.

The British ship Northbrook, bound from Hongkong to the Pacific Coast, experienced great difficulty in reaching Honolulu. When about thirty days after the Chinese shore survey broke out among the members of the Northbrook's crew. Within two days after the disease made its appearance seventeen seamen were prostrated, leaving the ship in a perilous position. The ship was then towed to the wharf, and the crew and cargo were safely landed.

THE GAS EXPLODED.

A Tailor's Shop Ruined and Himself and a Plumber Injured.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.) OAKLAND, Jan. 8.—An explosion of illuminating gas today wrecked a day-street shop and severely injured two men, one of whom may be fatally hurt, and who will certainly lose his eyesight.

H. Robinson, a tailor, detecting the odor of escaping gas, employed John O'Brien, plumber, to locate the leak. O'Brien found an open gas fixture which he capped, and not knowing that the gas had been turned on, he struck the gas with a torch to try the cap. With the striking of the match came a fearful explosion. O'Brien was thrown from the ladder across the street, and the front of the building was blown in and instantly the shop was a sea of flames.

Robinson was badly burned, but will recover. O'Brien fares worse, and if he lives, will probably be blind.

DR. WARD'S CHILDREN.

He Wants Them Sent from Los Angeles to San Francisco.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.) SAN FRANCISCO, January 3.—Dr. James W. Ward is seeking to induce Judge Hebbard to compel his divorced wife, Kittle A. Ward, to order their two little children from Los Angeles to this city on a visit. He desires the children to be sent to San Francisco, where he is practicing as a physician who cared for it while he was in Europe. Judge Hebbard will determine the merits of the controversy next Friday.

BLOWN THROUGH THE ROOF.

Thrilling Experience of a San Diego Lobster Fisherman.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.) SAN DIEGO, Jan. 8.—Charles Duha, a lobster fisherman, had a narrow escape from death while in his schooner half a mile off Point Loma today. He was preparing his breakfast in the

cabin of the little craft and had occasion to draw some gasoline from a can. When he lighted his stove a moment later the gasoline exploded.

Duha was blown through the roof of the cabin upon the deck. His clothing was set on fire, and he was terribly burned. He first jumped overboard to extinguish the flames from his clothes. He then tried to save his boat, but failing to put out the fire, he took to his skin and went to the quarantine station. The schooner burned to the water's edge.

BIRDS AND DOGS.

Splendid Display of Homing Pigeons.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.) SACRAMENTO, Jan. 8.—Although there is a splendid exhibition of stock in the State Poultry Show in the Exposition building, the attendance so far has been light. There is a splendid display of homing pigeons, some of them having won gold medals for their remarkable flights.

The dog show will open on Saturday, and it promises to be one of the finest ever held in California. The dogs will be judged by J. Otis Fellows, who came from New York for the purpose. The Bench Show committee consists of Charles B. Harker of San Jose; O. J. Albee of Lawrence and W. E. Ladd of Stockton.

A DESERTER'S FATE.

Frank Peskett Crushed to Death Under a Load of Lumber.

REDDING, Jan. 8.—Frank Peskett, who has a brother living in Los Angeles, was killed last night while riding on the truck of a flat-topped car. Peskett deserted from an English ship at Portland, and was going home. The trucks became separated from the car and the dead man and two others were thrown from a load of lumber on the flat car crushed Peskett's head to a jelly. His comrades escaped with some injuries.

Coming by Boat.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 8.—The following passengers left for the steamer Santa Rosa for Santa Barbara—Miss Lenoir, Miss Smith, H. Keller, Miss Donlan, Miss Charles, A. Hogue, J. Campbell, Mrs. H. Parker, H. Robbins, Mrs. Hunt, Mrs. Parker, Mrs. Busson, Clarence Parker, C. Walker, H. Smith and wife, Mrs. Peterson, Mrs. Williams, Mrs. Tillman, Miss Donaldson, Mrs. Moore.

Port Los Angeles—F. Wansleben, F. Bradburn, Mrs. H. Harris, E. Badlam and wife, H. Crain, Mrs. Patterson, E. Moeller, Lieut. Spencer, Mrs. De Groot, H. Fuller.

Redondo—P. Foster and wife, A. Stevenson, Miss Kuck, L. Fuller, W. Welch, F. Ellsworth, Miss Case, Mrs. W. Peterson, Mrs. H. Smith, Mrs. C. Cusick, Miss Holverson, W. Rogers.

Manager Philmore Convalescing.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 8.—Manager J. A. Philmore of the Pacific Cable Company, for the first time since he was taken ill with pneumonia, nearly a month ago, was able to pay a visit to the city today. He has so far recovered from the effects of his illness that his physicians advise him to take a trip to the river, which is a mile from his home, and to resume his labors until next week.

A Man of His Word.

STOCKTON, Jan. 8.—A man named Snyder, who had lived in the vicinity of Nightingale for a number of years, blew the top of his head off this morning. The country lives said that he would kill himself.

Hearth Residence Burned.

OROVILLE, Jan. 8.—The Hearst residence, which was valued at \$15,000, and insured for \$6000. A defective flue was the origin of the fire.

A TOWN UNDER WATER.

The Osage River Rises With Unaccustomed Might.

Water Five Feet Deep in the Courthouse and the Ferryboat Is Making Regular Trips Up the Main Street—Narrow Escapes of Citizens from Drowning.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.) RICHLAND (Mo.), Jan. 8.—From a farmer who lives near Richland, Mo., it is learned that the entire town is under water, the Osage River having been seventeen inches higher than ever before known. The water is five feet deep in the Courthouse, and the ferryboat is making regular trips up the main street, carrying provisions, household goods, etc., from the inundated buildings.

Several narrow escapes from drowning are reported from attempting to carry out goods or to rescue livestock. In several of the houses, organs and all household goods are floating in the water. The water is rising so fast that the city has suffered from high water.

Owing to the distance from the railroad, it is impossible to give a more extended report, but it is said by citizens who are acquainted with the country in the vicinity of Lin Creek that if the water is as high as reported the loss will be incalculable.

ARCHBISHOP ENTHRONED.

A Man Named Greenwood Says It's a "Fraud."

CANTERBURY, Jan. 8.—(By Atlantic Cable.) Right Honorable and Most Reverend Frederick Temple, D.D., was enthroned today at the cathedral here as Archbishop of Canterbury and Primate of All England. The edifice was soon filled with the devout. The chapter of Canterbury proceeded to the deanery and conducted the archbishop to the great west door. The order of installation was Latin, and the archbishop, accompanied by the archdeacons of Canterbury, Venerable Benjamin F. Smith, M.A., and Rt. Rev. George R. Eden, D.D., attended by the Bishop of Exeter, Rev. W. Farrar, and the vicar-general.

As the archbishop was traversing the nave at the end of the procession, a voice shouted lustily: "The whole proceedings are a fraud!" The interruption came from an elderly gentleman of clerical appearance. He was forcibly taken to the choir by the master until discovered by the Boutwell.

Herman weighed 180 pounds when he left Providence. He now weighs only 140, and is so weak he can hardly raise his hand.

Another Powerful Protest.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Jan. 8.—Owing to the refusal of the Turkish authorities to admit the dragomans of the embassies to the trial of Mehmed Bey, the French and Italian embassies have recalled their dragomans and strongly protested to the Porte demanding a change of venue. The bey is accused of complicity in the murder of Father Salazar, an Italian priest, killed in the convent of Jendjakote at Marash, 1886, by Turkish troops commanded by the bey. The Ambassadors insist that he be tried by a competent and impartial tribunal here instead of at Marash.

SHE GOES TO PRISON.

EIGHT MONTHS WITHOUT HARD LABOR FOR LADY SCOTT.

Earl Russell's Ma-in-law Reads an Address Accepting the Punishment in Advance of Receipt.

LAWYER HALL CAUSES A SCENE

HER LADYSHIP AND DAUGHTER ADD TO THE EXCITEMENT.

Justice Hawkins Has a Tilt with the Defendant—The Complaining Witness Sits and Beams—The Other People.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.) LONDON, Jan. 8.—(By Atlantic Cable.) Lady Selina Scott, mother-in-law of Earl Russell, who through counsel pleaded guilty yesterday to criminally neglecting her ladyship, was sentenced to eight months' imprisonment without hard labor. Cockerton and Aylott received similar sentences.

Lady Scott, accompanied by her daughter, the Countess Russell, entered the court believing that the sentence would be lenient. The judge, however, and down the corridor, the daughter having her arm around her mother's waist. Both ladies were painfully nervous. Lady Scott was heard to remark: "I do not dread going into prison, but I feel the injustice of the law I have been treated."

Lady Scott was taken to Holloway Jail, where she will occupy the cell in which the Duchess of Sutherland was confined for six weeks for contempt of court in burning an important document wanted in evidence in a contest by the present Duke, made of the will of his father in 1850.

Justice Hawkins entered the courtroom shortly after 11 o'clock. Those present were Lordship lawyers. There was only one woman spectator. Sir Frank Lockwood, counsel for Earl Russell, in a brief speech asked that all ground for doubt as to his Ladyship's character be removed. Counsel for Lady Scott, addressing the court in turn, said that her Ladyship would undertake never to republish the libels and he appealed to the judge not to deprive the daughter of her mother's protection. Counsel then asked permission for his client to make a statement, and Justice Hawkins nodded his consent.

Thereupon Lady Scott read an address, saying that she accepted any punishment the judge would give her for the sake of honest suffering, and believing in the law. She then took the oath and the dead man (Frederick East, the groom who died of consumption in Holloway Jail, where he had been confined as one of three male defendants,) had told the truth.

Continuing, her Ladyship said she trusted that no one in the courtroom, including the judge, would ever see her daughter suffer as her husband suffered. Her only fear was that her daughter would be followed by detectives and that something would happen to her. Lady Scott was very nervous and trembling, but she read her statement clearly.

Justice Hawkins summed up in a lucid manner. He reviewed the case at length, and as he proceeded Lady Scott, who had been sitting with a nervous every moment, stepped back and forth in the dock. When Justice Hawkins, continuing, said: "In 1889, your daughter committed a crime, and made the acquaintance of Lady Scott, her Ladyship interrupted with 'Thank you, my lord.'"

Justice Hawkins did not notice the interruption, but Mr. Hall, counsel for the male defendants, who all along had squabbled with the judge, made an objection, threw down his brief, and said: "I abandon the case." The incident caused a great sensation. Those present in the room stood up. Lady Scott became hysterical, threw back her head, and shrieked: "That is abominable!"

Counsel tried to pacify Lady Scott, and the trial was eventually resumed. Justice Hawkins sentenced her to eight months' imprisonment without hard labor, and afterward imposed the same sentence upon the two male defendants.

When Countess Russell heard the sentence pronounced she shrieked and allowed the judge to understand her blockade of Charleston. Her husband, the squadron maneuvers have not gone beyond target practice, fleet evolutions, signaling and landing exercises. Gradually the exercises have been enlarged in scope as the officers and men gained in proficiency, and now Secretary Herbert, after consultation with Admiral Bance, commanding the North Atlantic squadron, has decided to allow the fleet to undertake the blockade of Charleston. Her husband, the squadron maneuvers have not gone beyond target practice, fleet evolutions, signaling and landing exercises. Gradually the exercises have been enlarged in scope as the officers and men gained in proficiency, and now Secretary Herbert, after consultation with Admiral Bance, commanding the North Atlantic squadron, has decided to allow the fleet to undertake the blockade of Charleston.

A large number of named railroad people, including the representatives of the bonded interests of the Oregon Short Line and Utah Northern railroads, are at the City of Portland, where the tending the great railroad auction sale which takes place today. The sale will include 145 miles of track, with all franchises, rolling stock, and other property belonging to the Oregon Short Line and Utah Northern roads. It is said that the sale will be sold to the Reorganization Committee, of which Samuel Carr of Boston is the chairman, will be the purchaser of the property.

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CAPE TOWN, Jan. 8.—News is being received from Bechuanaland of a most serious description. The magistrate and his staff, including the police, are being raided and 700 natives in the vicinity are raiding farms, "lifting" cattle and committing other depredations.

BLOWN OUT TO SEA.

Capt. Herman of Providence Rescued—His Companion Missing.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.) JACKSONVILLE (Fla.), Jan. 8.—As the United States revenue cutter Boutwell was approaching the mouth of St. John's River, late last evening, the cutter discovered a small boat flying a signal of distress. One of the Boutwell's boats sent to investigate found a sailor in the bottom of the yawl unconscious. His mouth was on his naked forearm, as though he had tried to drink his own blood.

It proved to be Capt. Charles Herman of Providence, R. I. November 21, accompanied by Charles Gladding, he set out in the yawl Cochecho for a cruise along the coast of Florida. When they left Charleston on December 26 they were blown out to sea. Their provisions and water were soon exhausted. Last Friday, Herman thinks it was the lighthouse of Anastasia Island was sighted. By the aid of the lighthouse, the yawl was put off for shore in a boat attached to the Cochecho, and undoubtedly was lost. Herman remembers nothing else, and must have become unconscious shortly after Gladding left. The Cochecho then drifted up the coast until it was discovered by the Boutwell.

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IT WAS A CIRCUS.

Fire in the Winter Quarters of Barnum & Bailey's Show.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.) BRIDGEPORT (Ct.), Jan. 8.—Part of the winter quarters of Barnum & Bailey's show was burned last night, and there were much wild and exciting scenes among the animals of the menagerie. Elephants, lions, tigers and bears and all manner of fierce and strange beasts were taken from the buildings in safety. Their cries made a thrilling din, and despite the danger of escaping animals thousands of people gathered to witness the scene.

The fire started in one of the large barns, where were stored quantities of hay, wagons, chariots and circus material of various kinds.

FLASHES FROM THE WIRES.

A London Daily Mail dispatch from St. Petersburg confirms the report of a decision to create a Supreme Council to relieve the Czar of routine work.

A Washington dispatch says that Ensign N. Coleman, appointed for steel-inspection duty at Harborsburg, will be court-martialed on the charge of neglect of duty.

A Port Huron, Mich., dispatch says Archie McCullum pleaded guilty today to having made a criminal assault upon his own mother. He was sentenced to State's prison for life.

A Durango, Colo., dispatch says the San Juan County Bank of Aztec, N. M., has been closed, owing to poor business. Depositors will be paid through the Smelter City Bank of Durango.

A Chittenden cablegram says ex-Minister of State Oscar Reischauer is dead. He died at his home in Berlin, Germany, on January 7, 1897, and was dismissed with others at the time of the impeachment of the Selmer Cabinet.

A special to the New York Herald from Caracas, Venezuela, says President Crespo, in receiving a deputation of the Liberal party, said he intends to withdraw from the Presidency in February, 1898.

In the Prussian budget for the coming year the revenue and expenditures are estimated at 2,024,000,000 marks. The extraordinary expenditures are estimated at 10,176,336 marks, and are covered by the ordinary receipts.

The Dime Savings Bank of its 40,000 depositors, one of the oldest savings banks in Chicago, will go out of existence before the expiration of the ninety days' notice which has been required of depositors since the suspension of the National Bank of Illinois.

The funeral services of the late Francis Xavier, a native of Boston, took place at St. Paul's Church, Boston, at noon yesterday, and were very simple. Many notable persons were present. The burial services were held at the Mount Auburn Cemetery, and no eulogy was delivered. The interment was in Mount Auburn Cemetery.

A special to the New York Herald from Valparaiso says that Congress has passed an act regulating the strength of the land and sea forces of the government. Under the provisions of the act, the standing army will probably not exceed 9000 men. The navy is to consist of fourteen warships, seven torpedo boats, several dispatch boats and three transports, manned by 4616 men and officers.

St. Paul dispatch says Judge Bunn, upon the petition of Public Administrator Kenyon, has appointed J. F. Fitzpatrick receiver of the Bank of North St. Paul, capital \$25,000. Capt. Henry Castle, president, until recently postmaster of St. Paul, says he had deposits of only \$22,000; assets of \$1000, and liabilities of \$1000. The public funds, its reserve fund was deposited with Alleman Bank, which failed Monday.

The Board of Pardoners at Denver last night gave hearing to the attorneys for Albert H. Downen, convicted on his confession of the murder of J. H. Ashworth in Denver, who asked to be held in jail. After the hearing the board decided not to interfere with Downen's execution. Downen claims he committed the murder in a fit of passion, and that he was a member of a highway robbery in California. He served two long sentences at the State Prison.

A large number of named railroad people, including the representatives of the bonded interests of the Oregon Short Line and Utah Northern railroads, are at the City of Portland, where the tending the great railroad auction sale which takes place today. The sale will include 145 miles of track, with all franchises, rolling stock, and other property belonging to the Oregon Short Line and Utah Northern roads. It is said that the sale will be sold to the Reorganization Committee, of which Samuel Carr of Boston is the chairman, will be the purchaser of the property.

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UNDER ENTIRELY NEW MANAGEMENT

THE HOTEL FLORENCE, SAN DIEGO, CAL.

E. E. Nichols and son of the Cliff House, Manitowish, have taken the above house for the winter season.

Replete with every accessory demanded of a modern hotel, the Florence offers superior accommodations for the winter's sojourn. Write for further particulars, rates, etc.

MAGIC ISLAND—

SANTA CATALINA.

Charming climate, wonderful natural attractions, famous fishing, quail dove and wild roost shooting. Delightful boat excursions. The island is a great many people to Santa Barbara during January, one of the best months for fishing, ocean bathing and driving. Famous Veronica Springs one mile from hotel. War ship a new in the harbor. Raymond & Whitehead, Captains of the DUNN.

WILSON'S PEAK—

OVER A MILE HIGH—FIRST CLASS HOTEL ACCOMMODATIONS.

Located at the foot of Mount Wilson, 10 miles from Los Angeles, 10 miles from San Gabriel, 10 miles from San Dimas, 10 miles from San Juan Capistrano, 10 miles from San Marcos, 10 miles from San Luis Obispo, 10 miles from Santa Barbara, 10 miles from Santa Monica, 10 miles from Santa Rosa, 10 miles from Santa Ynez, 10 miles from San Ysidro, 10 miles from San Juan, 10 miles from San Diego, 10 miles from San Bernardino, 10 miles from San Gabriel, 10 miles from San Dimas, 10 miles from San Juan Capistrano, 10 miles from San Marcos, 10 miles from San Luis Obispo, 10 miles from Santa Barbara, 10 miles from Santa Monica, 10 miles from Santa Rosa, 10 miles from Santa Ynez, 10 miles from San Ysidro, 10 miles from San Juan, 10 miles from San Diego, 10 miles from San Bernardino, 10 miles from San Gabriel, 10 miles from San Dimas, 10 miles from San Juan Capistrano, 10 miles from San Marcos, 10 miles from San Luis Obispo, 10 miles from Santa Barbara, 10 miles from Santa Monica, 10 miles from Santa Rosa, 10 miles from Santa Ynez, 10 miles from San Ysidro, 10 miles from San Juan, 10 miles from San Diego, 10 miles from San Bernardino, 10 miles from San Gabriel, 10 miles from San Dimas, 10 miles from San Juan Capistrano, 10 miles from San Marcos, 10 miles from San Luis Obispo, 10 miles from Santa Barbara, 10 miles from Santa Monica, 10 miles from Santa Rosa, 10 miles from Santa Ynez, 10 miles from San Ysidro, 10 miles from San Juan, 10 miles from San Diego, 10 miles from San Bernardino, 10 miles from San Gabriel, 10 miles from San Dimas, 10 miles from San Juan Capistrano, 10 miles from San Marcos, 10 miles from San Luis Obispo, 10 miles from Santa Barbara, 10 miles from Santa Monica, 10 miles from Santa Rosa,

OLD HICKORY'S DAY.

GOLD DEMOCRATS CELEBRATE
IN CHICAGO'S AUDITORIUM.A Flow and a Feast of a Notable
Kind and a Crowd to Meet the
Honored Guests.

HON. CHARLES HAMLIN SPEAKS

REMARKS BY THE STAR-EYED
GODDESS OF REFORM.District of Columbia Jacksonians
Meet-Senator Vest Nominated to
Succeed Himself-Watson's
Contest-Mr. Aldrich.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

CHICAGO, Jan. 8.—Representatives of the gold Democracy of Illinois and other States of the middle West, Northwest, and South, met in the Auditorium tonight for the purpose of celebrating Jackson day. Fully 500 men were present, and the banquet was in many respects a notable affair of its kind. Letters were received from President Cleveland, Secretary Morton and Senator John M. Palmer and a large number of Democrats throughout the country, expressing regret at the inability of the senders to be present in person and all sent words indicative of the utmost confidence in the future of that branch of the Democratic party which had declared itself against free silver.

The parlors of the hotel were crowded early in the evening, while a general reception was held by the gentlemen who were the honored guests of the evening. Francis B. Peabody of Chicago was at the head of the reception committee, and for over an hour he was busily engaged in presenting to Henry Watterson, C. H. Hamlin, Gen. Buckner and John P. Irish, the great number of men who pressed forward to greet them.

The reception lasted until the doors of the banquet hall were thrown open, and at 7 o'clock the entire company was seated at the long tables which stretched from end to end of the room. The decorations were flowers, greens and flags, and they were there in profusion. Great banks of roses and carnations were upon the tables and at various points around the room, while the portraits of Jackson, Jefferson and other founders of Democratic principles and upholders of Democratic faith hung upon the walls were tastefully hung with garlands and wreaths of roses.

Behind the head of the table at which sat Franklin MacVeagh, the toastmaster of the evening, was arranged a beautiful effect wrought by the skillful draping of a number of American flags. It was over two hours after the banquet was opened before the head of the table had merely a list of things that had only been and the toastmaster rose to address the assembly.

Mr. MacVeagh congratulated all present and "all true Democrats" upon this significant gathering, because it is a timely reminder of the enduring testimony to the permanence of Democratic principles. And the occasion fits the day. Those who represent to have a right to Jackson's day for it has been given to them, and it was given to him, to defend both the fortunes of the nation and the principles of the Democratic party.

As Mr. MacVeagh took his seat, Mr. Watterson, who is the head of the company on "The Future of Democracy," rose to his feet. The ringing cheers that greeted him made it impossible for several minutes for the eloquent Kentuckian to proceed with his remarks. His address was received with enthusiasm and was a tribute to the young life that Democracy might live on the very threshold of the last battle for honor, country and truth. During one night, let us consecrate this noble theater as a temple of Democracy, of Democracy untainted and undefiled, the only kind of Democracy which Jefferson taught and Jackson practiced.

Mr. Watterson reviewed the events of the last political campaign. The results of the election, if the figures told the truth, left small reason for thoughtful men to regret.

"The voters," said the speaker, "had to choose between Republicanism, which they had tried to survive and a combination of factions, with its positive menace to public order and credit, and its unknown quantities of evil. They wisely chose to postpone the day of execution."

"In 1900," continued he, "unless we can order otherwise, the issue will be between the forces of organized capital and the forces of organized anarchy. The task which Jefferson set himself was the unification of liberty and order. The task before us is the reconciliation of capital and labor, which are, and of right ought to be, convertible terms. Can we effect this reconciliation? I think we can; but not by the agency of rampant partyism; blinding good men to the truth, arraying class against class, section against section keeping the people and the country in a state of agitation, year in and year out, with the danger of revolution at the end of every four years. If that be the fate ahead of us, God help free institutions; because, if it be, it is only a question of time when one of the two extremes, drunk with power or reckless of consequences, will find itself able to repeat the grim story of ages, in a decade of passion and folly the accretions of a century of wisdom and virtue."

"I use the term, 'organized capital' and 'organized anarchy' with advisement, and in perfect good faith. They represent not merely the forces backing the present administration, but the changes wrought by a century of national development. In the late campaign the Chicago platform stood for 'organized anarchy'—the Republican platform for 'organized capital.' On this latter platform can the vote that elected Mr. McKinley be held together? I think not. I would not be here to-night. I do not think so. On the contrary, I think that vote will go to pieces if it be not cemented by something more cohesive than the protective policy, than the protective theory of tariff legislation and a Republican fiscal policy, which, to say the least, can be said of it, is yet but a specious bridgehead at the marriage feast."

Charles S. Hamlin of New York, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, came next with an able talk on "Our National Administration," which was very warmly received. He recounted some of the matters of national importance that had been accomplished during Mr. Cleveland's term. As to Jackson, whom they had met to honor, he said no one was ever more devoted by precept and practice to what he

believed to be the people's cause, and his life was marked by a fearless determination to do what he conceived to be his duty.

"In honoring him," said the speaker, "let us also render honor to other illustrious statesmen who in the present, as was Jackson in the past, are leaders of our political faith." In this connection he spoke of Senator John M. Palmer and Hon. Simon B. Buckner. "They stand forth today prominently as representing courage and conscience in politics. They fought a noble fight, and though defeated, as was to be expected, their defeat was but a stepping-stone to a victory of sound principles of finance and a vindication of our national honor."

He spoke of Hon. John G. Carlisle as "the intellectual peer of any living man who, true to his chief, and to the principles of the Democratic faith, has been presented as the worthy successor of Clay, Webster, Marcy and Seward." Speaking of the national Democratic party, Mr. Hamlin said: "It represents liberal, progressive ideas, as opposed to narrow conservatism. Its motto is forward, not backward. Its path is that of progress, not decadence."

Mr. Hamlin said the toast, "Our National Administration," had been responded to again and again in the hearts of the people during the last few months. The administration of our great leader, the people's leader, President Cleveland, has been true to the principles of the Democratic faith. He has carried the banner of Democracy aloft with unsullied hands. With firmness and strength of purpose almost unknown in our history he has, with the able cooperation of the Secretary of the Treasury, maintained in the United States the gold standard of value, the standard of the civilized world, originally given to this country in 1834 by Andrew Jackson.

The Federal election law has been repealed. The McKinley tariff act swept from the statute book and the present law substituting a duty on purchasing clauses of the so-called Sherman silver-purchasing law were repealed with equal vigor.

Passing from domestic to foreign relations, the administration, Mr. Hamlin said, had certainly achieved a most notable success, some of which he enumerated.

"We have confidence that history will applaud the withdrawal of the treaty of annexation with Hawaii. The attitude of the administration toward the Cuban revolt, so clearly laid down in the President's recent message to Congress, is so fresh in your memory that it need not be alluded to in part as follows:

"It may be well," he continued, "to recall one historical parallel. This was presented when, in 1838, President Jackson, who, for reasons worth, declined to recognize the independence of Texas." Mr. Hamlin continued in part as follows:

"It is painful, indeed, to realize that during the late struggle former comrades were opposed to us. But become not forget that they are still our brothers, united to us by bonds growing out of the real underlying principles of our political faith upon which they and we agree, for which in the good old times together we have fought. Forgetful, therefore, of the past, let us stretch out our hands to them and beg them to turn from the false light, that will of the wisp—Populism—and lead them to the sacred fires of Democracy, which we have kept burning, and share with us their warm, beneficent glow."

"In the present condition of public affairs we should steadfastly proclaim and practice the principles of true republicanism. Let us pledge ourselves to render the new-coming administration patriotic assistance to secure needed reforms in our financial systems. Let us stand together in the sacred fires of Democracy, which we have kept burning, and share with us their warm, beneficent glow."

Mr. Hamlin said that the principles of the Democratic party are the principles of the future. Let us in the future, as in the past, that taxation should be limited by the necessities of the government and economy administered; let us reform our financial system. Let us further repeal the barbarous navigation laws which have swept our foreign commerce from the seas. But a change, I believe, will soon be at hand. Let every Democrat gird up his loins and dropping wild vagaries born of unrest and discontent, fight for the principles of Jefferson, Jackson and Cleveland and victory again will be ours.

Letters from President Cleveland, Secretary Morton and John M. Palmer were received with cheers. The enthusiastic applause that greeted when Gen. Simon Buckner rose to speak for the State of Kentucky.

The Far West was represented by John P. Irish of California, and the assembly, recalling his hard work for the gold standard during the campaign of 1896, greeted him with cheers. He spoke in response to the toast "Our President."

Other speakers of the evening were Virgil P. Kline, who responded for Ohio; Washington Irving Babbs, who was charged with messages from the gold Democrats of Iowa; T. J. Macdonald, who responded for the "Nebraska;" J. McD. Trimble, who represented Missouri; Daniel W. Lawler, for Minnesota, and Hugh Ryan for Wisconsin. All the speakers told of the condition of the gold Democracy in States from which they had come, and all made enthusiastic promises for the future prospects and usefulness of the party.

SPREAD AT WASHINGTON. WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—Jackson day was celebrated here by a well-attended banquet at Masonic Temple, given by the Jackson Democratic Association of the District of Columbia. Those present included many Senators and Representatives.

The toasts and speakers of the evening embraced the following: "The day we celebrate," by Hon. A. S. Colver, of Nashville, Tenn.; "Independence," by Senator Morgan of Alabama; "The Democratic Party," by Hon. J. M. McKim, Representative Benton of Tennessee; "Andrew Jackson and his rival, Henry Clay," by Senator Blackburn of Kentucky; "The Money of the Constitution," Senator Daniel of Virginia; "Cuba liberty—the national," Representative Salzer of New York; "What's the matter with California," Representative Maguire of California; and "Jefferson, Madison and Monroe," Representative Swanson of Virginia.

that at least belligerent rights be accorded them by our government.

SPEECHES AT INDIANAPOLIS. INDIANAPOLIS (Ind.), Jan. 8.—Jackson day was celebrated by the Democrats tonight at the Grand Opera-house. The attendance was not large. Speeches were made by National Committeeman J. S. Shanklin, John W. Kern and ex-Atty.-Gen. Smith. Gov. Matthews presided.

BRYAN WAS IN IT.

A Variety Performance of the Democrats at Omaha.

OMAHA (Nebr.), Jan. 8.—The annual banquet of the Jacksonian Club of this city was held at the Paxton Hotel this evening. The banquet was really an ovation to William J. Bryan, with a few speeches by other Democrats to add variety to the occasion.

When the distinguished guest of the evening rose to address the people present, his reception was to the highest degree enthusiastic. He paid a high tribute to the Populists, lauding the pioneers in the movement for government reforms, and complimented those Republicans who left their party and voted the Democratic ticket.

He expressed pleasure over the result of the election in this State, but did not attribute that result to the fact that Nebraska was his home, but rather to the fact that there was such complete harmony among all the forces which made up the fusion here. He saw in it a lesson for other States, and said that when they had the same amount of education on the principal subjects of the Democratic platform as Nebraska has had, and the same perfect harmony among the people supporting those questions, victory would come to their party in the nation.

Congressman-elect C. F. Cochran of St. Joseph, Mo., spoke of the "Business men and methods in politics and government," and said that E. F. Smith spoke of "Nebraska," "The Legislature," "The National Democracy," "The Omaha World-Herald of 'The Press,'" and W. D. Oldham on "The Rascals are Turned," and J. W. E. Meyer, a brilliant orator of Topeka, Kan., was down for "Our Patron Saint," but a telegram was received from him stating he could not be present.

DELAWARE'S "RUMP" HOUSE.

DOVER (Del.), Jan. 8.—The "rump" house of Republican Representatives held a short session in the Hotel Richardson this afternoon. Arrangements were made providing for the daily pay of members, selecting the hotel as the permanent meeting place and agreeing to meet every third day until after January 19. The session was held behind closed doors.

NEW YORK BUSINESS MEN.

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—The New York Business Men's association celebrated Jackson day with their customary banquet and speech-making at the Hotel Savoy tonight. Ex-Controller Theodore W. Myers, chairman of the association, presided at the banquet. Henry Belmont was the principal speaker of the evening.

DUBOIS'S FRIENDS CONFIDENT.

BOISE (Idaho), Jan. 8.—The supporters of Senator Dubois are feeling confident of his election. The opposition to him seems as much at loose ends as in the beginning. It seems to be the idea now that the Populists will not select a nominee until Monday. They are endeavoring to come to some arrangements with the Democrats, but do not make any headway.

ALDRICH'S BEST PLAN.

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that at least belligerent rights be accorded them by our government.

SPEECHES AT INDIANAPOLIS. INDIANAPOLIS (Ind.), Jan. 8.—Jackson day was celebrated by the Democrats tonight at the Grand Opera-house. The attendance was not large. Speeches were made by National Committeeman J. S. Shanklin, John W. Kern and ex-Atty.-Gen. Smith. Gov. Matthews presided.

BRYAN WAS IN IT.

A Variety Performance of the Democrats at Omaha.

OMAHA (Nebr.), Jan. 8.—The annual banquet of the Jacksonian Club of this city was held at the Paxton Hotel this evening. The banquet was really an ovation to William J. Bryan, with a few speeches by other Democrats to add variety to the occasion.

When the distinguished guest of the evening rose to address the people present, his reception was to the highest degree enthusiastic. He paid a high tribute to the Populists, lauding the pioneers in the movement for government reforms, and complimented those Republicans who left their party and voted the Democratic ticket.

He expressed pleasure over the result of the election in this State, but did not attribute that result to the fact that Nebraska was his home, but rather to the fact that there was such complete harmony among all the forces which made up the fusion here. He saw in it a lesson for other States, and said that when they had the same amount of education on the principal subjects of the Democratic platform as Nebraska has had, and the same perfect harmony among the people supporting those questions, victory would come to their party in the nation.

Congressman-elect C. F. Cochran of St. Joseph, Mo., spoke of the "Business men and methods in politics and government," and said that E. F. Smith spoke of "Nebraska," "The Legislature," "The National Democracy," "The Omaha World-Herald of 'The Press,'" and W. D. Oldham on "The Rascals are Turned," and J. W. E. Meyer, a brilliant orator of Topeka, Kan., was down for "Our Patron Saint," but a telegram was received from him stating he could not be present.

DELAWARE'S "RUMP" HOUSE.

DOVER (Del.), Jan. 8.—The "rump" house of Republican Representatives held a short session in the Hotel Richardson this afternoon. Arrangements were made providing for the daily pay of members, selecting the hotel as the permanent meeting place and agreeing to meet every third day until after January 19. The session was held behind closed doors.

NEW YORK BUSINESS MEN.

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—The New York Business Men's association celebrated Jackson day with their customary banquet and speech-making at the Hotel Savoy tonight. Ex-Controller Theodore W. Myers, chairman of the association, presided at the banquet. Henry Belmont was the principal speaker of the evening.

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An Authority Whom all
will Delight to HonorGolden Gate Kindergarten Association,
MRS. SARAH B. COOPER, PRESIDENT,
4902 VALLEJO STREET.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., Feb. 3, 1890.

You ask me if I know anything about the ROYAL BAKING POWDER, and if I consider it free from all adulteration.

I am glad to be able to assure you that I know, both from experience and from a chemical analysis, that the ROYAL BAKING POWDER is a pure, wholesome and dependable article.

Knowing the pernicious effects of deleterious ingredients used in the preparation of food, especially in that indispensable article to every family—BREAD—I have taken great pains to ascertain what I could safely use in my own home, and recommend to the many mothers with whom I constantly come in contact in our work among the children. I regard the ROYAL BAKING POWDER as a boon to the household and a benediction to the race.

Very sincerely yours,

Frank B. Cooper

HE CAUGHT JEFF DAVIS.

DEATH OF JOHN A. HOWARD, THE
VETERAN, AT CHICAGO.

Only a Week Ago the Survivors of
the War Gathered at Their Annual
Banquet—His Record—Honorary
Member of the Board of Trade.

(BY THE TIMES SPECIAL WIRE.)

CHICAGO, Jan. 8.—(Special Dispatch.) John A. Howard, a veteran of the war, died at his home here today. He was buried today, the funeral being held at his home.

Less than forty of the 156 who went with him in 1862 are now alive, and most of them surrounded his bier. Howard was a sergeant. Only a week ago these comrades gathered with him at the annual banquet given at the Sherman House. On that occasion he remarked that he expected to be the last of them to lay aside the armor. Instead he was the first.

In August, 1862, when the Chicago Board of Trade issued a call for recruits for the war, Howard was one of the first to respond, and he was not discharged until peace was declared. In 1865, it was a detachment of the battery that captured Jefferson Davis in Erwin county, Ga., and while the President of the Confederacy was under arrest he and Howard became acquainted, and President Davis, as a mark of his regard, gave him a beautiful meerschaum pipe, together with a collection of gold coins, all of which Howard retained until his death.

On account of his services in the

DO YOU FEEL

Do you feel tired?
Do you feel languid?
Do you feel melancholy?
Do you feel nervous?
Do you feel weak?
Do you feel listless?
Do you feel tremulous?
Do you feel impatient?
Do you feel restless?
Do you feel premature?
Do you feel nervous?
Do you feel listless?
Do you feel lack of capacity?
Do you feel twitching?

DO YOU

HUDYAN.

HUDYAN CURES
IT IS SURE.
IT IS LASTING.
IT IS HARMLESS.
IT IS BEST.

Good, reputable doctors of the old Hudson Medical Institute administer Hudyen. You can only get Hudyen from us. Call for the remedy; treatment; write for circular and testimonials.

KIDNEYS
If your kidneys are diseased, consult of doctors or write for Kidney Book free.

Hudson Medical Institute,
Stockton, Market and Ellis Streets,
San Francisco, California.

XXXXXXXXXXXX

A
JOURNALISTIC

GEM
WILL
BE

THE

SUNDAY

...TIMES...

FOR JAN. 10, 1897.

A Newspaper that
Contains all the
World's News set out
In a manner
Fit to read
In any Household.
Here is a
List of
Next Sunday's
Special
Features:

The White House in '97.
Gossip items about President McKinley's new home, by Frank A. Carpenter.
Almanac Freaks.
Relics of colonial and early republican times, by S. S. M.
Mining in Siberia.
A great gold field as yet scarcely opened, by G. A. Allen.
The World's Wickedest City.
The queer nest of cut-throats gathered in Tangiers, by G. L. Steaton.
Venus's Lost Arms.
Satisfaction at last for the vexed archers, by F. C. Harbaugh.
Thinketh No Evil.
Our Sunday morning sermon, by Rev. John M. Scott.
By the Wayside.
Chronicles of tramping, by A. Casual.
Ancient Furniture.
Some historic specimens of old cabinet making, by Muriel Irwin.
A Texas Boy.
He saves Gen. Sam Houston's life, by G. C. Harbaugh.
Woman's Page.
Women bulb and bears—where the lady from Texas speculates in cotton, by Emily McLaws. A "Parker's success in a novel profession for her sex, by Amy MacVey. Three yachts and a cat, by Emily Ford. Newspaper clippings, by Pleasant E. Reid.

Our Boys and Girls.
The practical joke and how it succeeded—a story for school boys and school girls, by Emma A. Cooper. A parrot school, by Emily McLaws.

THE EAGLE.
THE SAUNTERER.
THE STAGE.
MUSIC and SOCIETY.

The revival of Industry
Will be evinced in
A hundred and more
Columns of Business
Announcements.
And the People with
"Wants" will be heard
From in several pages
of "Liners," it will be a
Beautiful paper
And all for

5 Cents

Newsboys and News-
men will have it on sale
Early Sunday Morning.

XXXXXXXXXXXX

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PUBLISHERS OF

The Los Angeles Times, Daily, Sunday and Weekly

H. O. OTIS, President and General Manager.
L. E. MOSHER, Vice-President. MARIAN OTIS-CHANDLER, Secretary.
ALBERT MCARDLAND, Treasurer.

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Counting Room, first floor (telephone 29). Subscription department in front basement (telephone 27). Editorial Room, second floor (telephone 64).

PRINCIPAL EASTERN AGENT: E. KATE, 233 TEMPLE COURT BUILDING, NEW YORK.

The Los Angeles Times

FOUNDED DECEMBER 4, 1881.

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FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT SERVICE—OVER 20,000 MILES OF LEASED WIRES
DAILY BY CARRIER, 75 cents a month; by Mail, \$9.00 a year; SUNDAY, \$2.00; WEEKLY, \$1.50

Sworn Net Average Daily Circulation for 12 Mos. of 1895—15,111

Sworn Net Average Daily Circulation for 10 Mos. of 1896—18,021

An increase of 50 per cent. Double the net circulation of any other Los Angeles daily.
Entered at the Los Angeles Postoffice for second-class mail matter

AMUSEMENTS TONIGHT.

LOS ANGELES—The Brownies.
ORPHEUM—Vaudeville.
BURBANK—The Police Patrol.

THE "TIMES" MIDWINTER NUMBER.

Forty-eight Pages and Illustrated

Cover—180 Illustrations.

This great issue—the finest, handsomest, most useful and altogether the best special number ever published by the Times—is now ready. The postage (when paid by the purchaser separately) will be 3 cents per copy to any part of the United States, Canada or Mexico, and 6 cents to foreign countries embraced in the Postal Union. When paid by the publishers at pound rates, the postage will be 1 cent per copy.

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1000 copies 90.00

The prices to regular patrons will not be changed for the regular deliveries; but for extra copies the rates will be as above. Send lists of names and addresses, plainly written, accompanied by the cash.

More than 31,000 copies have already been taken by citizens and tourists, thousands of them have been mailed far and wide to people who will thereby become interested in the "Land of the Setting Sun."

STUDY THE NEW CHARTER.

A copy of the proposed amendments to the city charter has been mailed to every voter in Los Angeles by the City Clerk. Any voters who failed to receive a copy, or who neglected to study the amendments, can obtain a copy of the same at the office of the League for Better City Government, room 219 Blythe Building. Or a copy will be mailed to any person upon application to the above address. No person in the city need go uninformed as to the scope and intent of the proposed amendments, nor even as to their specific provisions. If it be desired to make comparisons with the present charter, the latter can be found in the California Statutes of 1889, beginning with page 455.

The way is open for every voter to post himself fully in this matter, and the vote polled should not only be a full one, but it should register the intelligent verdict of this community on the question of municipal reform. It is the imperative duty of every citizen to give earnest thought to this highly important matter, and to act upon his conclusions at the proper time in the light of his better judgment.

The need for radical reforms in our system of municipal government is conceded by all conscientious and intelligent persons who have given the subject careful consideration. If the present opportunity to secure at least some of the needed reforms be not embraced, we shall be compelled to wait years for the correction of existing wrongs. The State Legislature convenes only once in two years, and before the next session assemblies another city election will have been held in Los Angeles, extending for two years longer—or nearly four years from now—the evils of the present regime. It is therefore vitally essential that the reforms of which we stand so much in need should be inaugurated at as early a date as possible. The preliminary step must be a radical revision of the city charter, such as is embraced in the pending amendments. They should be carried by an overwhelming majority.

The Chicago Journal of Commerce has just completed its thirty-fourth year of continuous publication, and has fittingly celebrated the event by the issue of an anniversary number which does infinite credit to its many years' useful existence. It comprises seventy-two pages and is a review in practical form of the industrial progress the great West has made during the past fifty years. In an introductory note the management announces its intention of mailing copies of this publication all over the world for the purpose of attracting the attention of foreign manufacturers and capitalists to the undeveloped resources of the Western States and the many advantages they offer for the establishment of manufacturing industries.

The pugilists who aim at histrionic fame are becoming somewhat numerous, as Mr. Sharkey announces his intention to don the sock and buskin. Will he essay the part of Spartacus, the gladiator?

Is the Princess de Chimay a relative of Chimie Fadden, or is the similarity of names merely accidental?

SOME BENEFITS OF THE NICARAGUA CANAL.

It is estimated that the construction of the Nicaragua Canal will result in reducing water freight rates from Pacific to Atlantic ports by at least \$2 per ton, on an average, as compared to present rates by way of Cape Horn. The mean distance from San Francisco to New York will be reduced from 14,840 miles to about 4946 miles, or, in round numbers, by 10,000 miles. The time between these ports will be correspondingly shortened. This latter consideration alone will be of incalculable benefit to the commerce of this Coast.

Estimating that the Pacific Coast States will have an annual surplus of 2,000,000 tons of wheat—which is a safe estimate—the saving in freight on this product alone would amount, at \$2 per ton, to \$4,000,000 annually. Other products would receive corresponding benefits. In fact, the competition of this great water route would inevitably bring down transcontinental freight rates, both to and from the Atlantic seaboard, to the immeasurable benefit of the whole Pacific Coast region.

It is needless to say that this cheapening of transportation rates would exert a quickening influence upon the commerce and industry of the entire country lying west of the Rocky Mountains. It would add incalculably in developing our limitless material resources, and in bringing this vast empire of the Occident into the prominence to which it is justly entitled in the world's march of progress.

The Pacific Coast will not be alone in the benefits to be derived from the construction of the Nicaragua Canal. The entire Atlantic seaboard and the Gulf section will receive an enormous commercial impetus, which will also be felt throughout the great interior States of the Middle West. In fact, the whole country will be vastly benefited by the completion of this great engineering enterprise. It is in the strictest sense a national enterprise, and the whole nation will be benefited by its successful conclusion.

The next Congress can make history, and can win at once the approval of the present and the gratitude of the future by taking hold of this great project in a businesslike manner and pushing it to completion as fast as possible.

GOV. BUDD'S WHIMS.

The exploiting chief magistrate of this State has sent to the Legislature his biennial message, in which he treats upon many matters from a different standpoint from those of his predecessors in office. One of his pet theories is the treatment of the insane, which, he says, is one of the principal leaks in the State government. The Governor thinks we have too many asylums for the insane, and recommends the closing of one, if not two, of them by the withholding of the appropriations necessary to their maintenance. While this may look to be all correct and proper to Gov. Budd, there may be some members of the Legislature who may regard the proposition in a different light.

The Mendocino asylum, located at Ukiah, in that county, may have been a superfluous outlay of the public money to conciliate northern members, but the one at Highland was not erected before it was needed, and quite badly at that. The asylum at Ukiah draws its tenants from the seven counties of Mendocino, Humboldt, Trinity, Del Norte, Sonoma, Lake and Solano, at the very utmost. Napa has one of the asylums and does not need to send any of her patients to Ukiah, which is not very accessible to patients from either Humboldt or Trinity. In a word, some locality could have been found more accessible than Ukiah.

The asylum at Highland was one that should have been built immediately following the completion of the one at Napa. The territory south of the Tehachapi range is almost a State in itself, the two counties of Los Angeles and San Diego having more population than the whole seven in the district tributary to the Ukiah asylum. The saving in transportation of lunatics from this part of the country will very soon pay for the cost of the establishment, and it will be no great burden to the taxpayers. Again, the relatives of unfortunate patients occasionally like to visit them, and should not be asked to make too long journeys in doing so. Gov. Budd's idea is evidently to have as many patients taken to Stockton for treatment as possible. But this is a very long and narrow State, and nobody feels like a 350-mile journey to Stockton as long as there is a building erected for like purposes within fifty or sixty miles of this place. That patients afflicted with dementia can be treated cheaper at Stockton than elsewhere in the State we do not doubt, because it is the oldest established of any of the asylums erected for that purpose. But the economy of the situation is only one consideration by itself. There are other things to be thought of besides the saving of 2 or 3 cents per day upon the amount of food consumed by a man who does not know whether he is eating graham bread or redwood sawdust. Let the Southern delegation stand at unit for keeping open the asylum at Highland. They have something else to think of besides indulging Gov. Budd's whims.

Two old pioneer shipmasters, and brothers at that, have died within the past week. Capt. Freeman Trask, a pilot of the port of San Francisco, died at the advanced age of 68, and his brother, Capt. A. Y. Trask, who was at Portland with his vessel, loading lumber, took to his bed and died a few days later. Capt. A. Y. Trask commanded the bark Ork, in the Puget Sound trade in 1854, and no man now lives who knew the coast better than he.

The President of France has always been an advocate of international metallism, for which reason it is not likely that Senator Wolcott will have much trouble in bringing him over to his way of thinking. The deeding back of property to her father, Claus Spreckels, by his daughter, Mrs. Thomas Watson, relieves the husband of the lady from the charge of being a fortune-hunter, if even

CHEAP SHIPS AND CHEAP MEN.

The recent censure passed upon Capt. Smith of the wrecked steamer San Benito is something that is long needed; that is to say, needed as a precautionary measure of discipline. Vessels had been plying upon the sand beaches and jagged rocks all the way from San Diego to Victoria, without any attempt made to visit punishment upon the heads of their commanders or prevent their wrecking more vessels and losing more lives.

The appointment of Capt. Frederick Boiles, for nearly thirty years a commander between the ports of Portland and San Francisco, meant something new in the administration of the office of maritime inspection. His first movement in office was to forbid tugboats commanded by men who were not master mariners with sea-going certificates from going outside the bar of San Francisco Bay. That put a stop to runaway marriages at sea, to begin with, and taught the masters of the tugs that they now had a man over their heads who knew his duty and was not afraid to enforce it on any and all occasions.

His ruling in this San Benito affair is one of the most severe, yet just, rulings that has ever emanated from a local board of inspection. He bases his action upon the fact that Capt. Smith, by his own admission, had traveled 250 miles without heaving the lead, although he must have known that his time had nearly run out, and he must soon be making the land. The San Benito was a British bottom, wrecked and rebuilt and placed under the Hawaiian flag so she need not be commanded by an American captain. The captains of most of these foreign tramp ships get about as much pay as a third officer on one of the Atlantic liners, or a second officer on one of the Australian packets. The Southern Pacific corporation cares not who coal ships so long as he will work for low wages; therefore it occasionally loses a vessel through the carelessness or incompetency of their cheap officers, but it is against their principles to pay liberal wages, and hence they have a wreck occasionally. They want something for nothing and they generally get nothing.

The Spreckels line of Australian packets has been in existence about fifteen years, and pays the largest wages of any steamship corporation doing business in Pacific waters. That line has the same steamers—Zealandia, Australia, Alameda and Mariposa—that they had ten years ago. The Southern Pacific's concern built three large steam colliers in 1883, the Tacoma, San Pablo and San Pedro, and not one of them is afloat today. The Tacoma was run ashore at the mouth of Alsea River on the Oregon coast, only seventy miles out of her course. The San Pablo was wrecked in the China seas and the San Pedro was run ashore by a British pilot in the Strait of Fuca.

We are glad to see that the inspection board at San Francisco is determined to hold shipmasters to a strict accountability. The San Benito is the first case of the kind for some time, and while Capt. Smith may complain of being made an example of for the sake of establishing a precautionary line of discipline, yet his own testimony before the inspectors proves him to have been singularly incompetent for the place he held. When Capt. Boiles was appointed last August Tim Trues said it was the very best appointment that could have been made; and it has now no desire, especially after the disposal of this San Benito case, to revoke its opinion.

Mrs. Mary Bradford, one of Louisiana's most gifted literary women, has set on foot a project to erect a \$25,000 monument to the naturalist, John J. Audubon. He was born in Louisiana when Oregon, Idaho and Utah belonged to it. But there was never a man more thoroughly American in spirit, his book on the "Birds of America," illustrated entirely by drawings made by him from nature, appeared about 1832. The work was in seven volumes, there being 1000 copies at \$1000 each, most of them being sold in Europe. Of the privations incurred in collecting the requisite material for this great work no tongue can tell. He spent months upon months in the trackless wilderness, exposed to the dangers of wild beasts and cruel savages, but escaped all unharmful. In his book the bird known as the "sage hen" is called the "cock of the plains," and there is positive evidence that he was at old Fort Hall in Idaho. This man was a genius of the highest order, and his birthplace should be commemorated with a fitting monument.

The rumored abdication of Queen Victoria may or may not be true. She has already reigned longer than any other sovereign in British history, and hence there can be no further ambition to gratify. The Prince of Wales has simply contented himself with being the "first gentleman of Europe" for many years, and should he ascend the throne through his mother's abdication, will find life somewhat different from what it was to him as a gentleman of elegant leisure. Americans who never felt any too friendly to the good old Queen cast aside all their prejudices at her message of condolence to Mrs. Garfield on the occasion of the general's death. In the grief that pervaded two continents, royalty was mute. It was only the wife and mother who spoke the words that fell like balm on a wounded heart.

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any such charge was made. All her actions would indicate the lady to have a will of her own. At least she does not seem to care much about the consequences of her father's will, which will surely end in a big lawsuit.

The Fresno Republican, which has just completed its thirtieth year, is a good business paper in a good business town. Its publishers found Fresno a Democratic county, and have already once upon the popular verdict in favor of Republicanism. It is a conservative, well-edited paper and a growing place of property.

A San José wine-maker has had such success with his champagne that he has sold out his wholesale liquor store and proposes to devote himself hereafter to the production of "flz." All the money spent for his wine stays within the State, while what which is paid out for foreign brands leaves the country, never to return.

Secretary Carlisle in his annual report reports with considerableunction to the "surplus" in the treasury. But he carefully abstains from stating that every dollar of that surplus is borrowed money. Mr. Carlisle might as well have mentioned this fact, however, for it is no secret.

Both houses of the State Legislature have adjourned to Monday, and all is comparatively quiet on the Sacramento.

COLONIAL DAMES AT WAR.

Two Societies Claim the Same Title and Each Wishes a Copyright.

(New York Journal.) The two orders here known as the Colonial Dames of America, having the same object, are still opposed to each other and are at present having a tempest in a teapot. It has been brewing for some time, and now it is a strong determination on each side to possess certain rights. Many of the members of the original society, founded by Mrs. Martha J. Lamb, left that body several years ago and banded together as a new organization. The old part of this is the fact that the new society, both to part with the old name, simply retained it. They claimed that they were justified in this cutting them selves adrift from their mother body, because of the rules prescribed limiting the membership to only 100 in the entire country and narrowing otherwise great possibilities.

The action of the new Society of Dames caused the first to wish to copyright their name. With this object in view, they appealed to the Senate several years ago to grant them this privilege. In time, however, this dropped through. The second order then added to their title by prefixing the word "national" to their name. This word to Dames No. 1 was the "red rag waved in front of the bull." They immediately recommenced proceedings to secure their desired copyright. Dames No. 2, thinking it was time for them to act, instituted proceedings in which they asked that the same copyright be granted to them. Of course, their prefix, the Senate has recently referred the whole matter to the Legislative Committee. Thus, the two orders, present, and Dames Nos. 1 and 2 are both eagerly waiting for the matter to be definitely settled.

Mrs. Benjamin S. Church, who was the first treasurer of the original society, seceded from it to join the new order, and she has been very active in the movement. In speaking of the differences now existing, she said: "I think the mistake has been in the fact that the two societies have not when they organized. It may not sound loyal for me to express my opinion, but I am in sympathy with the movement of the original body of Dames in their desire to copyright their name. I do not think it is at all a graceful act for the national society to ask for the exclusive right to it."

A NEW APE.

Rare Manlike Animal Said to Exist in the Solomon Islands.

At a recent meeting of the members of the Anthropological Institute, in London, Lieut. B. T. Somerville read a paper upon personal observations made by him during a lengthy stay in the island while on surveying duty on H. M. S. Penguin. Lieut. Somerville expressed his belief in the existence of a rare type of animal in the dense jungles which cover the interior of the Solomon Islands. This animal, which is regarded with superstitious fear by the natives, would seem to resemble an anthropoid ape. Should this prove to be the case, another explanation of the peculiar prognathous character of the carved figures produced by the Solomon Islanders would be provided. Lieut. Somerville is convinced that this animal is not the mere product of a traveler's tale, but that it really exists. In support of this contention he quotes five independent native accounts, and was also able to adduce the testimony of Lieut. Weigall, a brother officer, who himself caught a glimpse of an unknown hairy animal on a branch at the edge of the jungle, but was unable to get on it before it took flight. Owing to the constant rains, the jungle in the Solomon Islands is exceptionally dense, and there are hardly any tracks of animals to be seen. These conditions would distinctly favor the survival of an animal of the supposed kind if it once reached the islands.

HE WAS FOR SILVER.

Some Light on Banker Hammond's Advocacy of Bryan.

(Chicago Tribune.) W. A. Hammond, the second vice-president of the Illinois National Bank, and a free silverite. He stood alone among the Chicago bankers as a supporter of Bryan and the Chicago platform, with its destructive demands. Two months ago nobody could understand why Mr. Hammond was on that side of the fence. He was engaged in a business to the prosperity of which sound money is essential. The members of his family had been Republicans, and so was he. It was conceded that he was too intelligent a man to be taken in by the wild assertion that free silver would double the value of the silver in the world, and that free-silver dollars would be worth their face intrinsically.

It is clear enough now why Hammond was for Bryan and Bryan's money. Of course, he was under no delusion as to what the real value of that money would be. He needed no explanation from Jones. It did not disturb him that Bryan did not go into the subject in one of his 600 speeches. Hammond saw three things clearly: That he and the bank were in a hole, that the abandonment of the world's standard of money and the adoption of the silver standard would breed 50-cent legal-tender silver dollars, and that those dollars could be used to get himself and the bank out of the deep pit he had dug for it.

GROVE'S JAW.

(CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.)

The floor in the face of the people, has been used to their detriment. They know of the manner in which the corporation has for years past treated the people of that State.

The people of California have been treated more shamefully by this corporation than any commonwealth in the history of the United States has been treated by any other corporation, either railroad or otherwise. They have destroyed the business of individuals, they have driven the merchants how they should conduct their business, imposed hardships upon farmers, business men, merchants, dry-goods men, lumbermen, merchants in every class of business, and have made to feel their heavy hand all those who undertook to ship their freight in opposition to the Southern Pacific over the last-payers of California.

The Republican party repudiated the Funding Bill. Why? Because they did not want to aid the tyranny of the Southern Pacific over the taxpayers of California.

Mr. Cooper then calmed down and proceeded with his argument. Through out his reply to Mr. Johnson the latter sat quietly in his seat at the rear of the hall. He made no response. The sensational incident growing out of Mr. Johnson's attack almost drowned itself in the debate. Mr. Arnold of Pennsylvania (Rep.) followed in favor of the measure. Messrs. Parker of New Jersey (Rep.), Bell of Colorado (Pop.) and Shafroth of Colorado (Rep.) against it. Mr. Hepburn of Iowa (Rep.) supported the measure in an extended argument as the only solution of the problem at this juncture. With regard to the California opposition to the bill, he said, the measure was against any settlement that did not predicate the government ownership and operation of the roads. He took up some of the statements made in the course of debate to show that they were reckless and utterly without foundation, and said that the irresponsible statements which clouded the issues and created much of the opposition to the measure.

He argued that government ownership of railroads was bound up in the defeat of the pending bill. That was why his opponents were insistent. This he made the measure in an extended argument as the only solution of the problem at this juncture. With regard to the California opposition to the bill, he said, the measure was against any settlement that did not predicate the government ownership and operation of the roads. He took up some of the statements made in the course of debate to show that they were reckless and utterly without foundation, and said that the irresponsible statements which clouded the issues and created much of the opposition to the measure.

If we took the road without terminating it, "we would, as a condition precedent, have to pay \$61,000,000, the amount of the first mortgage, and then we would have a road, which could be built at a cost of \$100,000,000, the amount of the first mortgage cost us." At the conclusion of Mr. Hepburn's remarks the House took a recess until 5 o'clock, the evening session being devoted to private pension bills.

The evening session of the House was spent in a bill effort to secure a quorum, which was undertaken at the instance of Mr. Erdman of Pennsylvania (Dem.). A call of the House was made, and a number of members were directed to arrest and bring in absentees. Pending this proceeding there were repeated motions to adjourn, to suspend further proceedings under the call, etc.

At 10 o'clock the sergeant-at-arms reported the presence of three additional members. They were taken before the bar of the House and, after making their explanations, were in turn excused. They were Messrs. Stallings of Alabama, Woodward of North Carolina and Kieberg of Texas.

On motion of Mr. Thomas, the warrants issued for the arrest of absent members were made returnable Tuesday next. Mr. Blue of Kansas asked that Speaker Reed, who was absent, be excused, and the House agreed to the motion. The House then adjourned at 10:30 o'clock.

THE PACIFIC CABLE.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—Since the deadlock in the Committee on Commerce over which one of the two projects for the Hawaiian cable was more meritorious, the general question of a Pacific cable has been held in abeyance. It is understood that Gen. Wagner, Secretary of the Navy, will appear before the House Committee next Tuesday to present a new proposition in behalf of the Spanish cable.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—Copies of papers involving about \$4,000,000 in the Pacific road subsidy act, missing from the Treasury Department, have been found on file in the Interior Department.

BRIDGING THE COLUMBIA.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—The House Committee on Commerce today voted to report favorably bills for a bridge across the Columbia River, Stevens county, Wash., by the Great Northern and Red Mountain Railway Company.

LIMITING JUDGES' POWER.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—The bill limiting the power of judges to punish for contempt of court, which Representative Ray of New York framed as a substitute for the bill passed by the Senate last session, was acted upon favorably by the House Committee on Judiciary today. By a vote of 8 to 4 the committee decided to report the bill.

Those voting for it were: Republicans, Messrs. Henderson of Iowa, Ray of New York, Broderick of Kansas, Updegraff of Iowa, Gilchrist of Massachusetts, Connolly of Illinois, Burton of Missouri; Democrats, Messrs. Miles of Maryland, and Messrs. Culler of Texas, Terry of Arkansas, DeArmond of Missouri.

THEY WANT MCKINLEY RATES.

Glass-blowers, Potters and Stoneworkers Plead for Work.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—The workmen played the principal part in the tariff hearing today before the Ways and Means Committee. Delegates of operatives from the organizations of glass-blowers, flint and lime glass workers, the bottle and window-glass blowers of Illinois and Pennsylvania, and the potters of Trenton, N. J., and East Liverpool, O., spoke. All told the same story of decreased wages, mills running on short time and general distress under the operation of the Wilson law.

F. L. Bodine of Philadelphia spoke for the manufacturers of cylinder window glass and of cut glass. Taylor of Ohio, for the potters, gave interesting illustrations of ruinous competition from Japan. F. C. Partridge of Rutland, Vt., spoke for the stoneware makers and minor interests were also represented.

THE ARGUMENTS.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—The schedule of the tariff including earthenware, glassware, marble and stone brought fewer business men to the Ways and Means Committee than had the other schedules considered this week. H. W. Walker of Beaver Falls, Pa., spoke on tiles, asking for rectification and special duties. On tiles now paying 25 per cent. ad valorem he recommended 10 cents a square foot or 4 cents a pound; on those paying 10 per cent. 20 cents a square foot or 6 cents a pound. There was present a large delega-

tion of blowers. Louis Irrington of Alton, Ill., asked why the tariff desired the enactment of the McKinley rates.

Edgar A. Gard, of Streator, Ill., read a statement of the demoralization of the glass-bottle blowers' business, brought about by the Wilson Act. Under the McKinley Act business had increased three-fold, while with improved methods manufacturers' prices had fallen 20 per cent. Under the Wilson law prices of bottles decreased from 15 to 40 per cent., and the loss had fallen mainly on the workmen, whose wages had been decreased 15 to 25 per cent., and the hours of labor increased almost beyond human endurance.

He recommended that bottles in which wines, liquors and mineral waters were imported, should pay the same duty levied on empty bottles, as well as duties on the contents. The manufacturers had demanded 30 per cent. reduction in wages, but through organization the blowers had been able to resist the demand. Wages at the best times averaged \$3. The mortality among the blowers was great; the average age of death being 33 years. The makers of glass bottles were now \$10 a day, but they could not secure work throughout the year, the minimum earnings being about \$3 a week. The chief cause of the trouble was J. Smith of Pittsburgh, asked for a tariff which would secure the manufacturers of American-made glassware by American workmen. The capital invested in the industry in the United States was \$20,000,000; the annual production of about the same number of workmen employed 40,000. In 1893 American production had fallen off 20 per cent., while importation had been 35,000 articles.

THE CALIFORNIA CONFERENCE.

McKinley Rates are the Limit—Specific Duties Preferred.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 8.—The committee of five of the Chamber of Commerce (largely composed of importers) heard today, and will be ready to report to the members of the conference tomorrow. All the important California industries have been heard, either orally or through written communications, and the report will be presented. Gen. N. P. Chipman was selected to draft the committee's report, and his draft will be considered by the committee.

At the conclusion of the hearing, the committee considered the whole subject and came to practically unanimous conclusions on all the main points to be included in the report. These conclusions were that, in view of the apparent sentiment of the country as evinced in the elections in which the tariff question was a prominent issue, except in particular cases where conditions of trade or product have so changed since that act was framed as to make the conclusions arrived at then inapplicable to the present time. Another conclusion reached was that, wherever practicable, specific duties, rather than ad valorem, should be imposed.

THE RECOMMENDATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 8.—The committee of the California Tariff Convention agreed today to recommend to the Congress the following: Means Committee a tariff schedule for a number of natural products. The schedule provided for a duty on rough lumber of 30 per cent. on the value of from \$2 to \$4.50 per thousand feet, and for a cabinet timber an ad valorem duty of from 15 to 25 per cent. It was recommended that the duty on bituminous coal be raised to 50 cents per ton, and that the duty on sugar be raised to 75 cents. On flax, hemp, jute, burlap and grain bags, wines and brandies, and table grapes the schedule of the McKinley tariff was recommended. On all forms of sodium and sulphur, the McKinley duty was recommended, and the duty on iron ore was to be maintained.

It was agreed to recommend that 50 per cent. of the bounty allowed upon domestic beet sugar should be awarded to the growers of the sugar, and the balance of it, as now, go to the manufacturer. It was agreed to ask that the McKinley Bill tariff of 2 1/2 cents per pound for cured or dried grapes, raisins or currants should be restored. It was decided to recommend a duty of one pound on desiccated coconut, pineapples and filberts were recommended to be taken from the free list and made dutiable.

GOT THE BICYCLE FINE.

Luck of a Reckless Highwayman at a Critical Moment.

(New York Sun.) Ragged, dirty and bearded, he lay in wait in a Park Place doorway. It was a critical moment as it was late there were few persons abroad in that street. He glanced furtively up and down the street ready to flee if a bluecoat horn in sight. Presently two young men came along chatting and laughing. He rubbed his hands and, as they passed, he stepped out and seized the first of them by the collar. The other broke out in a loud roar. The crucial moment had arrived.

"See, I've got a bicycle," he blubbered with the price of a bed," he asked in a tremulous tone. The answer of the young man suddenly ceased and his expression became cold and contemptuous. "I've nothing for you," said he, "but I'll take your bicycle. You've got to give me a bicycle, or I'll take your money. That's the way," said the bearded highwayman. You come along with your face pale as a sheet, and then when you're a poor, half-starved bloke give your bicycle for a bit of eat, you give him 'it' bicycle fate.

He followed the young man as he murmured this and the young man was touched in pocket as well as heart, for his countenance relaxed and he staked the bearded man for a dime. (New York World.) Crawford. I don't take much stock in the new woman. From my own experience I find she is the same whimsical, extravagant creature, caring nothing where her husband gets the money from, so long as she has every wish gratified. Grimsbow. I have never known a woman who has been in a rather cynical mood today. I'll venture a bet that your wife has been making a demand on your purse for Christmas presents. Crawford. That's it exactly. I wouldn't have minded it at all, only she expects as much now as when I was well off and then she gets the thing she wants to buy. You would be surprised that a woman could ever make up her mind to such rubbish.

Grimsbow. I have never had any trouble that way. When I asked my wife this morning what she would like for Christmas, she said, "I don't want anything, but I'll take something useful and left it entirely to me." Crawford. You are blessed with having such a woman for a wife, old boy, and I hope you appreciate her, for she is a rare thing in these days.

Grimsbow. I appreciate her? Why, there is a man alive who thinks more of his wife than I do. I would gratify her every wish at every sacrifice. Crawford. So you are going to make her very happy this Christmas? Grimsbow. I should say so. I have just been downtown to buy her a new set of soapstones for the kitchen range.

Believe in It.

(Iowa State Register.) The orange-growers of California want protection for their oranges. They ought to have it. We believe in the American people eating American oranges.

THE WEATHER

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, Los Angeles, Jan. 8.—At 5 o'clock a.m. the barometer registered 30.08; at 5 p.m., 30.12. Thermometer for the corresponding hours showed 49 deg. and 65 deg. Relative humidity, 5 a.m., 64 per cent; 5 p.m., 25 per cent. Wind, 5 a.m., northeast, velocity 2 miles; 5 p.m., southwest, velocity 5 miles. Maximum temperature, 72 deg.; minimum temperature, 47 deg. Character of weather, clear. Barometer reduced to sea level.

The Times

ALL ALONG THE LINE.

The intimation that Uncle Sam might seize the Guatemalan steamer Carlos Pacheco for unlawfully taking the San Diego schooner Ellen on the high seas, has caused the Ensenada authorities to release the imprisoned crew very promptly.

As a practical business proposition, burglary does not appear to be very attractive. The burglars who went through the city of Los Angeles, and plundered several houses of their time, some muscular exertion, and their gross receipts for the job were less than \$5.

The efforts of the railroads to check the bicycle habit by refusing to check bicycles as baggage have aroused the wheelmen, and their league, which is a power because it has votes, proposes to get legislation to check the greed of the railroads, and permit something besides corporation rolling stock to travel on wheels.

A San Diego man who has made small but successful experiments in pineapple culture for years, now proposes to plant a large tract of land with these plants. In El Cajon Valley of San Diego county, several hundred pineapples have been raised annually. The fruit is of excellent quality. Experts believe that in well-selected spots the fruit can be grown at a profit.

Curfew rings every night in Long Beach, and the youngsters must scuttle home and to bed when they hear it. The purpose of the city fathers in reviving the custom is the prevention of annoying mischief in which the small boys delight, but the ringing of the bell serves a higher purpose and establishes for the city dads of Long Beach a superior claim to the gratitude of their contemporaries and the admiration of posterity—it voices public disesteem for the elocutionist who goes about the country declaring that curfew shall not ring, and drowns the wearisome clatter of his tongue.

HE WAS TOO FRESH.

Justice Morris Calls Down a Witness in a Very Case.

Justice Morris's court and the hall leading to it swarmed yesterday with women who were interested in the Westwood battery case. Mrs. M. L. Martin of No. 706 Philadelphia street caused the arrest of Jennie and Belle Westwood on a charge of battery. The trouble arose over a fence which the Westwoods were having put up adjoining the premises of Mrs. Martin. According to the testimony of the jury, the Westwoods were stirring scenes around the place on December 20.

Among the witnesses for the Westwoods was a young medical student named Everett H. Garrett. He caused much amusement by his manner and emphatic answers to the questions propounded by Judge Ling, who acted as prosecuting attorney. Finally the witness became so disrespectful in his answers that the attorney protested to the court. Justice Morris promptly informed Garrett that unless he was more respectful he would be punished for contempt.

This had the desired effect, and the fresh young man was profuse in his apologies.

All the evidence had not been heard when time for adjournment came, and the case went over till Monday.

AWARD OF PRIZES.

Winners in The Times Guessing Contest to Be Rewarded.

The prizes in the Times' guessing contest on the result of the Presidential and Congress elections will be awarded this evening at the Southern California Music Company's hall, No. 216-18 West Third street, in the Broadway Block.

The successful guessers have been notified by letter, and will be present to receive their prizes in person. The names of all those who came very near capturing any prizes will be announced. The prizes, which have been furnished by enterprising business firms, are very valuable. The presentation speech in each case will be made by some member of the firm furnishing the article. Following is a list of the prizes:

Six-hundred-dollar Shaw piano, Southern California Music Company.
One-hundred-dollar bicycle, Victor & Keating, Hawley, King & Co.
Building lot, worth \$250, Easton, Eldridge & Co.
Elegant gold watch, M. Lissner & Co.
First-class sewing machine, Robert L. Smart, Los Angeles Sewing Machine Company.
All participants in the contest are invited to be present, as well as others who feel interested. Good music will be provided, and dancing will be taken to make the occasion a pleasant one.

DAVE BOOTH IN JAIL.

Accused of Passing a Number of Worthless Checks.

Dave Booth, at one time a baggage master on the Southern Pacific Railroad between this city and Whittier, is locked up at the City Jail on serious charges.

It is alleged that he passed at least half a dozen bogus checks. Among those who suffered by his alleged crooked work are H. A. Pierce, an East Los Angeles druggist, and Haywood Bros., the furniture dealers.

A citizen on Wall street also received one of the bogus checks. Detective Hawley arrested Booth at Whittier yesterday, where he was working in a laundry.

Thinks It a Conspiracy.

George A. Underwood is locked up at the City Jail on a charge of suspicion, and has for a companion, on a charge of drunk, Charles W. Filkins. Last night Filkins told Officer Sheets that he had been robbed of \$18. He said he had been with Underwood all afternoon, and had finally gone with him to visit a friend who lives in a lodging-house on South Main street. Immediately after leaving the room he missed his money, and believes Underwood and the woman robbed him of it.

Chicago has one building, known as the Green Tree Inn, which has reached the venerable age of Chicago, of 83 years. The local Historical Society has been advised to buy and preserve the interesting relic of antiquity.

KILLED BY PURSUERS.

SIMON COOPER, THE NEGRO OUTLAW, CAPTURED AND LYNCHED.

A Mob Takes the Prisoner from the Sheriff's Possession and Hangs and Shoots Him—When First Taken He Had Written a Note Bouncing That He Was Invincible.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

SUMTER (S. C.), Jan. 8.—Simon Cooper, the negro outlaw who yesterday murdered three members of the Wilson family and a colored servant, was lynched near here today. Cooper was captured by the Sheriff's posse and was being taken to Sumter when the mob decided to hang him. The Deputy Sheriff, aided by two men, resisted the lynchers, but they were overpowered. A rope was thrown over the limb of a tree and the man swung upward, the body was pierced by more than 150 bullets. One bullet cut the rope, and the Coroner found it some hours later.

Cooper was captured about noon in a cabin five miles from this place. He was well armed with Winchester and kept up a continuous fire. The house was small and on a hill in the open, so that the posse could not at once come within range with any degree of safety. Soon, however, an advance was made and the posse closed in. After a parley Cooper agreed to come out.

As he stepped out he was seized by the arms. As he stood facing the crowd, a shot was fired and Cooper dropped with a rifle ball through his cheeks. He was not badly wounded, however, and as he rolled over, made an attempt to get his hand to his revolver. In his right hand was found, while beneath his trousers' band was a loaded revolver. Cooper was drunk, and after the shot became almost unmanageable.

A search of the cabin revealed a Winchester rifle, two revolvers, a valise filled with cartridges and a number of flasks, some empty and others filled with whisky. On a page torn from a blank book was written:

"Remember that I killed myself. There never was a man who could take me. (Signed) SIMON COOPER."

Cooper was placed in a wagon with two men and the party started for town. The crowd of nearly one hundred men followed. There were mutterings of lynching, about two miles from Sumter. Then the officers were overpowered and the negro lynched.

CHASE CODORI IS DEAD.

Editor of the Phoenix Dies at the Sisters' Hospital.

Chase A. Codori, editor of the Phoenix, a weekly paper, died at the Sisters' Hospital yesterday afternoon. Several days ago Mr. Codori attempted to board a Southern Pacific passenger train at Naud Junction. He missed his footing and fell under the wheels. As a result his right leg was so badly crushed that amputation was necessary. He remained at the Receiving Hospital for a few days, and was in a fair way to recover. Codori was married to the Sister's Hospital, where he grew worse yesterday and died in the afternoon. The dead man was well known in this city, where he has resided for a number of years.

The Coroner will hold an inquest to determine the exact cause of his death.

Eccentricity Wills.

(London Evening Standard.) A Frenchman is said to have left directions that the menu of a good dinner should be passed every day on his tombstone. Everybody knows of the old people who keep their relatives dancing after them, or of those who tour annually among their poor relatives, inconveniencing them all, and who doubly enjoy their mode of living for the knowledge that they have left the chief of their property to the "Indigent Blind," or some other institution. Another old curmudgeon leaves his family his blessing and thanks for past favors and all his money to a charity, or another who leaves nothing but a marked Bible, and at last it is discovered that the marked passages tell where his treasure is hidden. Creation has made more and more common, and are not as frequently disregarded as heretofore, though not long since the wish of an old infidel was set aside by his relatives. He wished to be cremated and have his ashes strewn to the winds from a high mountain near his home, after which a stone was to be erected on the spot stating that he died reviling Christianity. He was buried in the ordinary way, but a stone marks that spot.

There are many crimes in the statute book more pardonable than many of the pranks played in the making of wills, yet there is nothing especially noteworthy about the average will as true as that there is little of note about the average man.

MARINE NEWS.

Notice to Ship Captains.

U. S. Branch Hydrographic Office, SAN FRANCISCO (Cal.) Dec. 28, 1896. The following forecast, is that of the Hydrographic Office, Washington, D. C.: The trade-wind limits will be found a little farther south than in the previous month. Between the parallels of 25 deg. N. and 50 deg. N., and from the American to the Asiatic coast, frequent squalls and gales accompanied by rain or snow may be expected. Occasional squalls may be expected in the vicinity of the Hawaiian Islands, and in the region of the doldrums. Occasional fog will be found along the American coast during January, though not sufficient to warrant its probable limits being shown on the chart. Occasional spiral circulations, viz., the cyclonic (against the sun.) with low barometer, and anticyclonic (with the sun.) with high barometer, will be found. Generally in front of the cyclonic area, or the low, the weather is damp with thermometer rising and barometer falling, while in front of the anticyclonic circulation, or high, it is dry, cooler, and the barometer rises. The "average storm track" traced on the chart shows the average path of the centers of these lows. The N.E. monsoon on the coast of Asia will continue to blow steadily during January. Typhoons are infrequent during January. Currents.—The currents indicated on the present issue of the Pilot Chart are those for the winter months. The data, however, are meager and only actual reports to the Hydrographic Office from officers of vessels cruising in that ocean are taken into consideration. Special attention in observing and reporting currents is requested of all observers on the Pacific.

After a careful consideration of the reports of vessels cruising near the Aleutian Islands and in Bering Sea, the Hydrographic Office warns mariners against placing too much reliance upon current predictions in that portion of the North Pacific. The latest data, however, corrected, 1306—British Columbia, Vancouver Island, Esquimaux and Victoria harbors and approaches. The station is located north and northeast coast: St. George Bay to Orange Bay and Strait of Belle Isle. 1307—Islands in the North Pacific Ocean. 1308—Gulf of St. Lawrence.

W. S. HUGHES, Lieutenant, U.S.N.

Notice to Mariners.

The Noonday Rock bell buoy, which recently parted its moorings and went adrift, has been replaced in its old position—600 yards southwest by south from the rock. By order of the Light House Board.

FRANK CURTIS, Commander U.S.N. Notice is hereby given that the bell buoy marking Souza Rock, near the entrance to Port Harford, Cal., is not sounding. It will be replaced at the earliest date practicable, when due notice will be given. This notice affects the List of Beacons and Buoy, Pacific Coast, 1895, page 14. By order of the Light House Board, FRANK CURTIS, Commander U.S.N., Inspector Twelfth Light-house District.

Good Blood

Is essential to health. Every nook and corner of the system is reached by the blood, and on its quality the condition of every organ depends. Good blood means strong nerves, good digestion, robust health. Impure blood means scrofula, dyspepsia, rheumatism, catarrh or other diseases. The surest way to have good blood is to take Hood's Sarsaparilla. This medicine purifies, vitalizes, and enriches the blood, and sends the elements of health and strength to every nerve, organ and tissue. It creates a good appetite, gives refreshing sleep and cures that tired feeling. Remember,

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best—In fact the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills cure Liver Ills; easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

EVERY DOLLAR

Spent on Harrison's Paint represents a dollar's worth of the best material that money can buy. There is no paint made that possesses so many good qualities. Some paints will last. Some are heavy. Some are cheap. But Harrison's is best.

P. H. MATHEWS,
238-240 S. Main St.
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Brownie Books.
BROWNIES, THEIR BOOK, \$1.00
ANOTHER BROWNIE, \$1.00
BOOK AL, \$1.00
BROWNIES AT HOME, \$1.00
BROWNIES AROUND THE \$1.00
BROWNIES THROUGH THE \$1.25
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The largest, most varied and most complete stock of books on the Pacific Coast.

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By Rebecca H. Davis, price, \$1.15
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—New Supply of—
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By S. R. Crockett, price, \$1.35
RODNEY STONE.
By A. Conan Doyle, price, \$1.35
Just received The World Almanac for 1897, price, \$1.00.

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This Week Special

Reductions in Prices
In All Departments.

I. Magnin & Co.,
Manufacturers of Ladies' Children's and Infants' Wear.
237 SOUTH SPRING ST.

Mail orders promptly filled. MYER SIEGEL, Manager

Every first-class grocer keeps Tomson's

SOAP FOAM

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Comes in 5c, 15c and 25c pkgs.

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J. G. Marshall, 245 S. Spring
Established 1890.
Look for CROWN
on Gold Frames from \$1.25 UP.

TERRY'S TEA.

Uncolored Japan, per lb. 29c
M. and J. Coffee, per lb. 29c

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We can take a few more subscriptions to Harper and Century at \$2 each. Library copies.

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BOSTON STORE
BROADWAY, Opp. City Hall.
WHOLESALE Third and Fourth Floors. Telephone Main 904. RETAIL First and Second Floors.

Millinery.

Immense Reductions to Close.

We place on sale today our entire stock of Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats and Bonnets, at prices that intending purchasers will at once recognize as the lowest of the season.

Ladies' Untrimmed Hats, Fancy Dress Shapes, 20c each.

Children's Full Trimmed Hats, 75c each.

Ladies' Trimmed Hats, Large Assortment, \$2.00 each.

Ladies' Trimmed Hats, Paris Designs, \$5.00 each.

Extreme Novelties Imported Hats, Latest Designs, Highest-class goods shown this season, \$10.00 each.

Ladies' Full Trimmed Bonnets, Special, \$5.00 each.

Fancy Feathers, Birds, Wings, Etc., Regular \$1.00, 75c, 50c; closing price, 25 cents.

These goods are the newest styles, choicest effects and best fabrics used this season. The prices are but a fraction of the original.

THE PILLSBURY MILLS

The five mills, as you will see below, have a capacity of 25,208 barrels per day, or 7,838,133 per year, not including Sundays or Holidays. They grind 88,812,065½ bushels of wheat annually.

Pillsbury "A".....	10,783
Pillsbury "B".....	6,438
Anchor.....	2,862
Pallade.....	3,900
Lincoln.....	1,500
Total daily capacity.....	25,208

Grocers Sell it in Every Corner of the Globe.

H. JEVNE

Sweet Saturday.

The sort of Confectionery we sell is its own advertisement. The only thing we ask is that you shall visit this department just "once." We'll make it an object for you to come today—All our fine 50-cent Candies today at 40 cents a pound. Tempting, Pure, Wholesome. You're safe at Jevne's.

208-210 South Spring Street, Wilcox Bldg

Pure Wines are Beneficial—Impure Wines Injurious.

Woollacott's Gold Medal Wines.
Have Received Highest Award for PURITY Wherever Exhibited.
H. J. WOOLLACOTT, Tel. Main 44.
Fine Wines and Liquors.
124-126 North Spring St.

Removal Sale of Groceries

On account of Removal will sell all goods at Wholesale Cost for the Next Thirty Days.

W. L. PACKARD,
441-443 South Spring Street.

Drink Coronado Water. It is the Purest.

Sold in 10 gallon tanks, 204 S. Spring St., Wilcox Bldg, and siphons and bottles. Call at W. L. WHEDON, Agent, Telephone 1204

FOR Poland Rock Address RUPTURE Dr. WHITE, M.D., 1104 South Spring St., Guarantees a safe, speedy and permanent cure, without detention from business. No knife used. No blood drawn, no pay until cured, consultation free.

J. T. SHEWARD

113-115 N. SPRING ST.

The February Delineator is now on sale. An unusually good number. Colored fashion plates. New sleeve and cape patterns. New skirt patterns. New ideas for children's wear. Every lady should take the Delineator. There is economy to be gained in so doing. Very often ladies can save the price in the purchase of one pattern. It tells the exact amount of materials needed. There is no guessing—no extra amounts to buy.

The Glass of Fashion, another publication, not so large as the Delineator. The price 5c a single number. A great many new ideas will be found in this publication. Only 50c a year. Half the price of the Delineator.

With the advent of the new books an increase of trade is sure to follow. Sleeves must be made smaller. New materials will be used. Shopping must begin. There never was a better time to secure desirable goods for little money. There is nothing to be gained by exaggerating in advertising. There is everything to be gained by truthful sayings. The Muslin Night Gowns for \$1 each are the winding-up prices for the season. The price has been reduced from \$1.25, \$1.50 and \$1.75 down to \$1 to close out all odd lots. You cannot buy the materials and make the goods for the money.

A lot of cape materials. Buy a new pattern and make you a new cape for little money. This is real economy. We have a fine assortment of cape materials. We will cut, fit and baste your cape without charge.

Newberry's.

Just received a shipment of Hecker's Celebrated Cereal preparations, consisting of the following:
Hecker's Wheaten Grits, 10c a package.
Hecker's Farina, 10c a package.
Hecker's Hominy, 10c a package.
Hecker's White Indian Meal, 10c a package.
COFFEE—Remember Gold Seal Java and Mocha makes the finest cup of coffee in the land.

216-218 South Spring Street.

The Excellency of

BISHOP'S Princess Soda Crackers

IS DUE TO THE MATERIAL AND MANNER OF BAKING

Cady's Store

314 & 316 SOUTH SPRING ST.
Hot Air Furnaces.

Underwear

Supply your wants during our Gigantic Clearance Sale. For a few days only we offer you \$1.50 Pure Scotch Wool Ribbed Underwear for \$1 per garment. \$1.50 Finest Glastenbury Underwear for \$1 per garment. \$1.25 Australian Lamb's Wool for 75c per garment. We are sole agents for Jaros' Fleece-Lined Underwear.

Lowman's

131-5 SPRING ST.

NILES PEASE, ...Holiday Goods

Special fine line of Fancy Chairs and Rockers, Rattan Goods, Parlor Tables, Ladies' Desks, Book Cases, Smyrna, Fur, Daghestan and other Rugs. Prices Low. Call and see them.

337-339-341 South Spring Street

Allen's Closing Out

Furniture Sale Prices Tell.
332-334 South Spring Street.

Ladies' Writing Desks, Parlor Cabinets, Fancy Rockers, Parlor Tables, Rattan Rockers, Music Cabinets, Pedestals, Rugs, etc., etc.

BANNING COMPANY.

COAL COAL COAL COAL
Just received several thousand tons selected S. F. Wellington Coal and are selling at lowest market price. Stock up for the winter.
TELEPHONE, MAIN 36 222 SOUTH SPRING STREET



Dean Peck of Devel, field secretary of Christian and Missionary Alliance, will preach Sunday, at 10 a.m., in Druid Hall, Downey Block, Temple and Spring, 2 p.m. First Congregational Church, Sixth and Hill, 7:30 p.m., in Y.M.C.A. auditorium, and conduct an all-ance convention, First Congregational Church, Monday, 10 a.m., 2:30 and 7:30 p.m. See local.

There is no danger or possibility of your having any cause for regret. I can claim your share of bargains in the line of hats, underwear, shirts, ties, gloves, collars, etc., today at Desmond's, No. 141 South Spring street, in the Bryson Block. An elegant walking cane given away with every \$2 purchase.

Free lecture on voice culture given Saturday and Monday, 2:30 p.m., Temperance Temple, Miss Nelson, pupil of Lampa, will explain how to sing without tiring the throat. Lecture repeated Tuesday evening at 7 p.m.

Mr. Davenport lectures in Los Angeles Theater tomorrow night on "The Second Coming of Christ." Admission free. He hopes that the public attention will give a fair hearing to a message which he is sent to deliver.

Rev. Archdeacon Webber preaches at St. John's, corner Adams and Third streets, Sunday afternoon, 4:30. Subject of sermon, "The significance of Ritual in Divine Worship."

Do you want a high-grade bicycle for less than regular agent can buy them from the factory? Then go to C. M. Stevens & Co., No. 435 South Spring street, Los Angeles.

The more you claim of Desmond's hat and furnishing bargains today the more you'll save, and the more you'll congratulate yourself upon the results of your sagacity.

Howell's Shoe Store has just received a lot of pointed toes, ladies' \$2.50 shoes, which we will sell Saturday and Monday for \$2. No. 111 South Spring street.

Your choice of selection from forty-three different styles in walking canes for every \$2 purchase today at Desmond's, No. 141 South Spring street.

Two more carloads of high-grade bicycles will be sold for one-third their value at No. 435 South Spring street, C. M. Stevens & Co.

Class in elocution and dramatic art organizes January 12. N. Alfrey, school for physical training, elocution and dancing.

All those who are in need of food and raiment will please call at Carl Sawvill's, No. 230 South Hill street.

First Baptist Church, Rev. J. Herndon Garrett will preach at 11 a.m. and 7:30 p.m. Seats free.

Y.W.C.A. gospel meeting, No. 107 North Spring street, Sunday, 3:45 p.m. All women invited.

Penn. anthracite coal (egg size) just received by the Crescent Coal Company, Tel. 4000.

Why pay high prices when you can get a \$75 wheel for 60 cents.

Marlborough School for Girls; second term opens February 1.

Van Storage Co., Tel. Main 1140.

Bishop Montgomery will preach at the old Mission Church next Sunday at 11 o'clock mass.

Archdeacon Percy A. Webber closed his series of noon meetings at the Young Men's Christian Association yesterday.

The Southern California Dairymen's Association will meet in the assembly-room of the Chamber of Commerce today at 10 a.m.

Three luckless Chinamen who were caught selling lottery tickets by Officer Romans were fined \$10 each in the Police Court yesterday.

There are undelivered telegrams at the Western Union telegraph office for W. F. Block, A. T. McLatchie, Perry J. Wilson, D. L. Sawyer, W. B. March, C. D. Boyd.

The assembly hall of the Friday Morning Club was well filled yesterday morning and interesting papers were read by Mrs. C. Streckwald and Mrs. Rebecca Spring on "Some Representative Art and Artists of the Sixteenth and Seventeenth Centuries," illustrated by the engravings which hang in the clubrooms.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

Late Donations to the Exhibit Room.

The Chamber of Commerce has been particularly rich in donations during the past few days. One fine display of navel oranges has been placed in the exhibit-room by the Riverside Board of Trade, which has made the generous contribution of two cases of the luscious yellow fruit. Another case was sent by the San Diego Land and Town Company, and some magnificent clusters of oranges have been donated by A. W. Swaine of Whittier, L. S. Porter of North Pasadena and D. S. Griswold of Sierra Madre. W. S. Mills of this city has presented an interesting relic in the shape of an old map of Los Angeles, dated 1848. D. Thoburn of Lamanda sent in a branch of eucalyptus of such peculiar growth as to entitle it to high rank among the freaks. B. T. Haydon of Monita contributes some giant corn in the stalk, and Larter & Lossing of Westminster sends in some citron melons and pumpkins.

THE FINAL REPORT.

United States Grand Jury Dismissed Yesterday.

The United States grand jury made its final report to Judge Welborn yesterday, and was dismissed with thanks for its services. Four indictments were filed. One was another charge against M. M. Chase, indicted for the taking of illegal fees as a pension attorney. The names in the other three indictments are kept secret, as the arrests have not yet been made.

A "Welcome" Suit.

After a series of "friendly," "unfriendly" and "spiteful" suits, the Herald Publishing Company has encountered a "welcome" or "invited" suit. This category was the claim of the American Type Foundry Company against the Herald to recover \$20,14, said to be due on account of "goods, fares, merchandise, type and printing material," delivered between June 1 and December 31, 1896, with interest and costs of suit. When notice of the suit was served, the president of the defendant company remarked to the deputy constable: "Oh, that's all right. We've been expecting that suit. In fact, we have invited it."

Considering the means which were used to "invite" legal proceedings for the collection of the claim of the American Type Foundry Company, it has been suggested that the same spirit of hospitality should prevail and the house be turned over to the company.

To Discuss the Charter.

There will be a special meeting of members of the Chamber of Commerce to discuss the new charter amendments next Thursday evening, January 14, at 8 o'clock. The public is invited.

THE MOST BEAUTIFUL PLACE

In California is San Diego and Coronado Beach.

NELSON'S SCHEME.

APPARENTLY RECRUITING FOR THE CUBAN ARMY.

Reputed by the Junta in a Diplomatic Telegram, but is Denounced as a Fraud to Strangers, Only and for Obvious Reasons.

Francis Nelson, who says he holds a commission as an officer of the Cuban army and is engaging men to work in the "mines" at Key West, giving preference to artillerymen, sends this letter to The Times:

"LOS ANGELES, Jan. 8, 1897.—(To the Editor of The Times:) In reply to the lengthy and insinuating article in yesterday's Herald concerning me and my work, I wish to say: If I am guilty of anything dishonorable while attending to a matter here in which I am interested with my whole heart, I shall be glad to have it made known directly, and can be found at No. 111½ West Third street by any one who wishes to see me.

"COL. FRANCIS NELSON."

Col. Nelson is very much interested in the cause of Cuba, and is not averse to having it understood that his "miners" may fight for Cuba if they like, but he carefully refrains from stating directly that he is enlisting men for the Cuban army, or that the men who accept his terms are to be taken beyond Key West. He avoids technical violation of the neutrality laws, but his obvious purpose is to recruit for the Junta. To further his project, he will give an illustrated lecture on the Cuban war in Music Hall tonight.

The fact that Nelson requires his "miners" to deposit \$15 each at some bank or with the railroad as part payment of their fares and guarantee of their good faith has aroused some suspicion that he may be working a scheme for his own profit, but Nelson declares that he does not receive a dollar of the money and that he is paying his own expenses. There is no evidence that he has received any money, and there is reason to believe that he has sent some "miners" to San Francisco, where they have been taken in charge by other persons and forwarded to Florida.

Señor Estrada Palma, of the Cuban Junta, has been asked for information about Nelson. One was sent by a Pasadena man who wanted to enlist, and Palma has been recalled that he didn't know Nelson, and that Nelson is a "fake." In reply to The Times on January 6, Señor Palma was less positive and more diplomatic. He was asked: "Who is Nelson? Has he authority?" and he replied: "Nobody, including Francis Nelson, is authorized to enlist men or collect money."

So much was expected, of course. Señor Palma could not say publicly that Nelson is authorized by the Junta to violate the laws of the United States. But he did not say that he does not know Nelson, nor did he denounce him to the detriment of the cause. The significance of Palma's reply lies in what he failed to say.

Nelson says he got the impression from the way the Herald man who visited him to get material for a "roast" that an offer to put a twenty-dollar advertisement in the "Herald" would have averted the roast.

It is a fact that Nelson has applied to the Southern Pacific for rates to travel for a party of fifty men, but has not been granted any reduction of regular fare. United States officers have visited Nelson to ascertain if he has made himself liable under the law, but Nelson has told them that he is employing men to go to Florida, and if the men see fit to go from there to Cuba, he has no doubt they can find a way to get across. If Nelson is really recruiting for the Cuban army, he is doing his work shrewdly, and he would have averted the roast.

PRICES LESS THAN HALF

Our already lowest askings to be found for Untrimmed Millinery. It's hard to believe, but it's true. No woman can scan the following list and then doubt the wonderous offer.

Black or Colored Quills, 1c
Black or Colored Braid, 10c
Black Navy and White Agrettes, were 30c; now, 15c
Black Navy Wings, were 30c; now, 15c
Choice of any Chenille Braid in the house that I formerly sold for 25c to 35c a yard, now for 15c
Odds and Ends in Gray and Tan Jutes Shapes, from 15c
Choice of any English Felt Hat, Dress Shape or Turban, large and complete color line, 25c

MARVEL CUT
MILLINERY CO.,
241-243 S. Broadway.
Double Store.

THE WAY IT'S DONE. Buy your drugs of us. That's the way to begin a bank book account. What you save by trading with us will look well in a bank book.

Everything at Cut Rates.

GET YOUR DRUGS AT
Boswell & Noyes' Drug Co.
Bradbury Block.

THE MOST BEAUTIFUL PLACE

In California is San Diego and Coronado Beach.

Infants'
Buttton Soft Sole, 20c
Buttton or Low Soft Sole, 35c
Shoe, 7c grade

YOUTH'S NEEDLE TOE
Calfs' Calf, sizes 11 to 12, \$1.25
Boys' Calfs' Calf, sizes 12 to 13, \$1.50

LADIES' RAZOR TOE
Fine Kid, lace, cloth top, Louis XV heel, 8c, now, \$3.50
Fine Kid, button, hand-turn sole, 8c, now, \$3.50

LADIES' NEEDLE TOE
Fine Tan Kid, lace, hand turn sole, 8c, now, \$3.50
Tan Kid, button, hand-turn sole, 8c, now, \$3.50

LADIES'
Kid Button Oxford, square toe, 2 1/2 to 7, 25c, now, \$1.35
Broken line of Oxfords, cut to 7c and, \$1.00

Were not Guilty.
Willie Carlisle and Harry Goodman, the two boys who were arrested on a charge of malicious mischief Thursday, were discharged in the Police Court yesterday.

Licensed to Wed.
Julius C. Behnke, native of Germany, aged 37, and Angelina Georgette Grelick, native of California, aged 18; both residents of Los Angeles.

Louis H. Mayet, resident of Elizabeth Lake, aged 32, and Manuela R. Andradra, resident of Hollywood; both natives of California.

Andres F. Machado, resident of Balboa, aged 44, and Dolores A. Savaria, resident of Santa Monica, aged 45; both natives of California.

Almiron R. Earl, native of Colorado, aged 26, and Grace Grey, native of Scotland, aged 25; both residents of Los Angeles.

Francis L. Reade, native of New Zealand, aged 25, and Inez L. Harvey, native of Nebraska, aged 19; both residents of Los Angeles.

DEATH RECORD.
HAWKINS—Mrs. Mary A. Hawkins, beloved grandmother of Mrs. A. B. Warfield, fell asleep in Jesus at her home, No. 118 North Hill street, Friday, 9:30 a.m.

FUNERAL—At St. Francis, at 2 p.m., from Broadway Church of Christ, opposite Court-house. All members of the Christian Church and friends invited to attend. Interment at Evergreen Cemetery.

STOVES—At Alhambra, January 8, Harriet E. Stone, aged 72 years 11 months, wife of O. H. Stone and mother of Mrs. William Mulford. Funeral at residence Sunday afternoon, January 10, 2 o'clock. Friends invited to attend.

CODORI—At Los Angeles, January 8, 1897, Charles Andrew Codori, a native of Pennsylvania, aged 25 years 17 days.

FUNERAL NOTICE.
The funeral of Charles Andrew Codori will be held at his late residence, No. 1019 West Fourth street, at 2 p.m. Sunday, January 10, 1897. All members of the Christian Church and friends invited to attend. Interment at Evergreen Cemetery.

BIRTH RECORD.
DODGE—January 8, 1897, to Mr. and Mrs. L. G. Dodge of San Francisco, a daughter, CUZNER—January 7, 1897, to the wife of R. L. Cuzner, a daughter.

MARRIAGE RECORD.
FICKAS—RICH—In this city, January 7, 1897, by Rev. George Morris, William Levi Fickas of Poway, San Diego county, and Miss Fannie A. Rich of Los Angeles.

ATTEND LOS ANGELES THEATER
Sunday night, Evangelist preaching "Our Lord's Second Coming." All are welcome.

Go to the Auction Sale
321 S. Spring St.
Today at 2 and 7:30 p.m.
3 Elegant Presents given to the Ladies.

An elegant walking cane given away with every \$2.00 purchase today at Desmond's.

141 S. Spring St.
Bryson Block.

WILKINSON'S THE SHOE MAN
110 SO. SPRING ST.
Sign Brass Feet In Sidewalk

Infants'
Buttton Soft Sole, 20c
Buttton or Low Soft Sole, 35c
Shoe, 7c grade

YOUTH'S NEEDLE TOE
Calfs' Calf, sizes 11 to 12, \$1.25
Boys' Calfs' Calf, sizes 12 to 13, \$1.50

LADIES' RAZOR TOE
Fine Kid, lace, cloth top, Louis XV heel, 8c, now, \$3.50
Fine Kid, button, hand-turn sole, 8c, now, \$3.50

LADIES' NEEDLE TOE
Fine Tan Kid, lace, hand turn sole, 8c, now, \$3.50
Tan Kid, button, hand-turn sole, 8c, now, \$3.50

LADIES'
Kid Button Oxford, square toe, 2 1/2 to 7, 25c, now, \$1.35
Broken line of Oxfords, cut to 7c and, \$1.00

Men's Razor Toe
Hanan & Son Tan
Calf, light or heavy sole, 8c, now, \$3.50
Also Black Calf, hand turn sole, 8c, now, \$3.50

Men's Winter Tan
Harvard Calf
Heavy sole, late in getting here; 8c grade, cut to, \$3.50

NO SLUMBERING SATURDAYS HERE.

Every department is crowded with eager buyers. Every aisle is filled with bustling, rustling, busy people. It's easy to see the "why" for all this—prices, madam; yes, prices—Lower prices for better merchandise than most stores charge higher prices for. No slumbering Saturdays here.

Hair Dressing, Manicuring.

Today we open a new department for Ladies' hair dressing and manicuring. Skilled artisans and appropriate quarters have been provided and ladies can here secure the best service to be had in the city. All are invited to inspect this new department.

Ladies' \$5 Shoes \$3.45
Men's \$7 Shoes

We are now offering the greatest values in Ladies' and Men's Fine Shoes ever offered on this coast. Every late style and grade is among the lines. World famous makers' brands guarantee them to be all we claim for them.

Saturday Suits and Wraps.
Ladies' Jackets, black beaver, tan kersey Scotch Mixtures, 30 and 35 kinds, \$7.50
Ladies' Corduroy Waists, black and color, 8 sort; today for, \$3.50
Ladies' Tailor-made Suits, very well \$12.50 makes; today for, \$6.95

Saturday Kid Gloves.
Ladies' Sclap Derby Kid Gloves, every pair warranted and fitted; regular \$1.25 grade for, 97c
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Saturday Furnishings.
Men's Knitted Cardigan Jackets, regular \$1.25 grade, 72c
Men's Satin Neckwear in green and black, brown and black and other combinations, 45 inches broad and purchased to sell at 60c a yard; these have been reduced now to, 38c

Ladies' Satin Neckwear in green and black, brown and black and other combinations, 45 inches broad and purchased to sell at 60c a yard; these have been reduced now to, 38c

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Saturday Dress Goods and Silks

40-inch two-toned Scotch mixed novelties in checks and stripes, also all wool chevrons in all shades with black and white stripes, quantities never sold for less than 50c a yard; now at, 28c

40-inch black Jacquard Serges in a most complete selection of patterns, also 40-inch black Boucle Novelty, these were destined to sell for 75c the yd.; they now move on at, 48c

40-inch black Chevrot Serges and 40-inch black Brocades of rich silk lustre, both well worthy of special attention, we could easily say 80c a yard, but the word now is, 63c

Colored Velvets, Velveteens and Plushes, fancy colored satins and Surah silks, also changeable Surah satins, these are genuine 80c to 81c; they are now at only, 25c

25-inch corduroys in navy, tan, purple and emerald; the very swiftest fabric for ladies' skirts; our price now is, 39c

Rich black Taffeta Silks with fancy colored figures and stripes, Oriental and Dresden Taffetas; two-toned Taffetas and all silk satin Brocades in colors including cream 24-inch broad China silks and rich black satin brocades and stripes, worth from \$1 to \$1.25 a yard; marked today at, 58c

Saturday Night Silks.
Taffeta and China Silks, light and dark colors, 40 and 50c grades; for, 14c

Saturday Night Wrappers.
Ladies' Fleece-lined Flannelette Wrappers, regular \$1.50 make; tonight, 95c

Saturday Night Cloaks.
Children's Fleece-lined Cloaks, very fine 8c grade; tonight, \$1.35

Saturday Night Hats.
Men's Clear Fur Crush Hats, regular \$4.00 quality; tonight, 49c

Saturday Night Waists.
Boys' All Wool Twilled Flannel Waists, 28c

Saturday Night Suspensors.
Men's Silk Embroidered Web Suspensors, worth 25c; tonight, 8c

Saturday Night Underwear.
Men's Camelhair Underwear, regular 50c quality; tonight, 33c

Saturday Night Vellings.
Double Width Tuxedo Chenille Double Vellings, 5c grade; tonight, 16c

Saturday Night Skirts.
Knitted Skirts, light and dark, regular \$1.00 quality; tonight, 50c

Saturday Night Gowns.
Best Flannelette Night Gowns, regular 40c quality; tonight, 75c

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Saturday Domestics.
Ladies' Flannel Underskirt Patterns, fast colors, 6c kinds; for, 45c
Fleece-lined Wrapper Flannel, regular 15c quality; today at, 8 1/2c
German and Irish Table Linens worth up to 75c yard; for, 49c

4 Size Extra Heavy Cream
Napkins regular \$1.50 dozen grade; today, \$1.10

All Wool Elderdown in colors,
heavy and fine grade; today at, 19c

Saturday Rug Sale.
Angora Rugs, 3 feet wide, 6 feet long, \$3.00 quality; for, \$1.50

Saturday Lace Sale.
Net Top Laces with Irish crochet edges, 7 to 14 inches wide; worth 75c per yard; 1 doz yards for, 25c

Saturday Embroideries.
Narrow Cambric Embroidery, regular 5c yard quality; today for, 5c
Narrow Needlework Cambric Embroidery, real 10c grade; for, 6 1/2c

Cambric Embroidery, 14 to 18
inches wide, worth 15c yd.; today, 8 1/2c

Cambric Embroidery, 8 to 10
inches wide; \$10 to \$12 a yard; today for, 12 1/2c

Cambric Embroidery, 8c grade;
today at, 15c

Saturday Night Handkerchiefs.
Ladies' White Hemstitched and Embroidered Handkerchiefs; tonight for, 3 1/2c

Saturday Night Ornaments.
Ladies' Hair Ornaments, Black Shell, Amber; tonight, 3 1/2c

Saturday Night Ribbons.
3-inch Colored Silk Taffeta Ribbons; tonight 12 1/2c

Saturday Night Clocks.
Nickel Plated Alarm Clocks, actual value 75c; tonight, 59c

Saturday Night Bread Baskets.
Basket Woven Laquered Bread Baskets, worth 15c; tonight at, 5c

Saturday Night Vases.
Hand-painted Bisque Mantel Vases, worth 25c each; tonight, 15c

Saturday Night Drugs, Etc.
1 quart Old Holland Gin, 75c
1 quart Old Holland Gin, 75c
1 bottle Castoria, 30c
1 bottle Junjia, 15c
1 bottle Buttermilk Soap, 15c
1 bottle Zonodion, 40c
1 bottle Listerine, 25c
3 cakes Transparent Glycerine Soap, 1c

Teeth
Extracted Without Pain.

Without the use of any chloroform, cocaine or any other else dangerous. From one to thirty-two teeth extracted on sitting without any bad after effect.

ONLY 50c A TOOTH.
Schiffman Method

JACOBY BROS.' Annual Clean-Up

And After New Year's ODD AND END SALE

Clean-Up and Odd and End Prices All Over the House, but the Price-Slaughtering has been done particularly in our SHOE DEPARTMENT. We bought and sold more shoes than any five of the largest other shoe stores in Los Angeles. We are preparing for the Greatest and Grandest

SPRING AND SUMMER Trade and therefore MUST CLOSE OUT all our present stock of Odds and Ends, Broken Lines, Styles Not the Latest, and PRICES WILL CUT NO FIGURE. The Shoes Must Be Sold. Clothe your feet and save enough to clothe your body.

Enough experienced sales people have been engaged to assure all of proper service. Extra delivery service has also been looked out for, but still we would respectfully beg of those purchasing only small parcels to take them with them.

ODD AND END SHOE SALE,

JACOBY BROS.

JACOBY BROS.' ODD AND END SALE.

Bargain No. 1. Infants' Dongola Button Shoes with fine and flexible soles, sizes 1 to 5, reduced from 50c per pair to.....	18c
Bargain No. 2. Children's School Shoes, button, oil grain, with fine spring heels, sizes 6, 7, 8 and 9; reduced from 75c per pair to only.....	43c
Bargain No. 3. Infants' French Dongola Button Shoes with very handsome patent tips, flex- ible soles, sizes 1 to 5; reduced from 75c per pair to only.....	45c
Bargain No. 4. Ladies' 3 point French Glove Kid Slip- pers, with flexible soles and common- sense heels, all sizes from 4 to 8; re- duced from 85c to only.....	85c
Bargain No. 5. Children's India Dongola Button Shoes with patent leather tips, spring heels, sizes 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11; reduced from 45c per pair to only.....	48c
Bargain No. 6. Misses' India Dongola Button Shoes with patent leather tips, spring heels, sizes 12, 13, 14, 15, 16 and 17; re- duced from 55c per pair to only.....	56c
Bargain No. 7. Misses' School Shoes, "NOXALL" brand, spring heels, grain tips, sizes 12, 13, 14 and 15; reduced from 85c per pair to only.....	\$1.04
Bargain No. 8. Ladies' Cloth Buckle Slippers with flexible leather soles and common- sense heels, all sizes from 4 to 8; re- duced from 75c per pair to only.....	55c

JACOBY BROS.' ODD AND END SALE.

Bargain No. 9. Children's School Shoes, the celebrated "NOX- ALL" oil grain pebble goat with patent A. S. T. or rawhide tips, spring heels, sizes 6, 7, 8 and 9; reduced from 85c per pair to only.....	76c
Bargain No. 10. Ladies' Felt laced Shoes with flex- ible leather soles and common- sense heels, all sizes from 4 to 8; reduced from 85c per pair to only.....	\$1.09
Bargain No. 11. Ladies' Tan Kid Oxford Ties in opera and patent leather, broken sizes of broken lots of not-the-last-season's styles, but re- duced from up to 84c per pair to only.....	89c
Bargain No. 12. Ladies' Dongola Kid Oxford Ties with narrow square toes, patent leather tips, in sizes 2, 3, 4 and 5; only being small sizes only we reduce them to.....	76c
Bargain No. 13. Curtis & Wheeler's hand-turned French Calf patent leather Button Boots, with either opera or common-sense heels; they were re- duced to 85c, but the size lines being badly broken we offer the remaining for only.....	\$1.65
Bargain No. 14. Curtis & Wheeler's Cloth Top French Dongola Kid Lace Shoes with flexible soles and patent leather trimmings, not the latest styles and sizes and widths somewhat broken, but they're 85c shoes reduced to only.....	\$2.10

JACOBY BROS.' ODD AND END SALE.

Bargain No. 15. Curtis & Wheeler's French Dongola Kidskin Oxf. Ties in opera and common- sense toes and flexible soles, broken sizes in C & W's regular up to 84 values; reduced to only.....	\$1.22
Bargain No. 16. E. P. Reed & Co.'s French Dongola Kid Button Shoes with plain and tipped toes and flexible soles, E. P. R. & Co.'s regular \$2.50 and 30 shoes, broken sizes; last season's styles reduced to.....	98c
Bargain No. 17. Whitmore's Gilt-edge Shoe Polish, sold the world over at 25c per bottle; we reduce price just one-half, yours per bottle.....	12c
Bargain No. 18. Curtis & Wheeler's Dongola Button Shoes, in plain and patent leather tipped toes and medium and common-sense heels, when in style they sold for 85c the pair, when the sizes got broke we cut them to 85c for our present odd and end sale we reduce them to only, per pair.....	\$1.27
Bargain No. 19. Ladies' Canvas Leggings, in light tan, dark brown and gray; reduced from 75c per pair to only.....	30c
Bargain No. 20. Ladies' Imported Jersey Leggings that were and are regularly sold for \$2.50 per pair, we reduce to only.....	\$1.00

3000 PAIRS OF MEN'S SHOES

Broken Sizes—Broken Lines—Not all Widths—Not all this season's styles—Some were \$5, none were less, some were \$5.50, some \$6, some were \$6.50, some as high as \$7.50.

THE GREATEST SACRIFICE SALE OF MEN'S FINE FOOTWEAR

Ever Inaugurated in the City of Los Angeles. Prices cut to a half and to a third their former prices. Johnson & Murphy's hand-made, hand-sewed finest French Calf and Patent Leathers, in congress and bals; Hanan & Son's Patent Leathers and Cordovans; Burt & Packard's "Korrek Shape" French Calf and Finest French Patent Calf; Rockland Shoe Co.'s finest Calf and Kangaroo; and a MANUFACTURER'S SAMPLE LINE OF LACE SHOES ONLY—Size 7—in the highest grades only of Kangaroo, French Calf and Russet.

ODD AND END Sale \$2.50 Per Pair.

If you don't find your size or fit in one style Shoe you will in another. In any event you will get at least double if not more than your shoe money's worth.

Jacoby Bros.' 65c on the dollar sale

In Men's Suits and Overcoats.

Jacoby Bros. offer in this sale, Men's Suits and Overcoats at 65c on the dollar for their former prices.

Any Man's Suit or Overcoat in our entire stock that sold up to Dec. 31, 1896, at from \$10 to \$12 will be sold this week for only.....

Any Man's Suit or Overcoat in our entire stock that sold up to Dec. 31, 1896, at from \$12 to \$15 will be sold this week for only.....

Any Man's Suit or Overcoat in our entire stock that sold up to Dec. 31, 1896, at from \$15 to \$17.50 will be sold this week for only.....

Any Man's Suit or Overcoat in our entire stock that sold up to Dec. 31, 1896, at from \$17.50 to \$20 will be sold this week for only.....

Jacoby Bros.' 65c on the dollar sale

IN BOYS' ATTIRE.

At this price we offer \$2.50 and \$4 values, and many of our best grades to 15 years. Such values have seldom been offered.

Boys' Suits which you will admit you could not make at home for double.

Finest materials, best makes, grandest assortment and at bargain prices, reduced from \$6 and \$8.

A Magic Lantern free with every Boys' Knee Pants Suit at \$5 and over.

Boys' Knee Pants.

Lot 1—100 dozen Boys' Knee Pants, all sizes, regular 25 values; reduced to.....

Lot 2—100 dozen Boys' Knee Pants, all sizes, regular 25 values; reduced to.....

Lot 3—100 dozen Boys' Knee Pants, all sizes, regular 25 values; reduced to.....

Lot 4—100 dozen Boys' Knee Pants, all sizes, regular 25 values; reduced to.....

Lot 5—100 dozen Boys' Knee Pants, all sizes, regular 25 values; reduced to.....

Jacoby Bros.' 65c on the dollar sale

Of Men's Hats.

Men's Hats at almost half price.

Bargain No. 1—Men's latest style Fedora Hats, in black, brown, otter and silver gray colors, \$1.50 and \$2.00 values; reduced to.....

Bargain No. 2—Men's finished Derby Hats, in black, brown, otter and silver gray colors, \$1.50 and \$2.00 values; reduced to.....

Bargain No. 3—Men's finished Derby Hats, in black, brown, otter and silver gray colors, \$1.50 and \$2.00 values; reduced to.....

Bargain No. 4—Men's finished Derby Hats, in black, brown, otter and silver gray colors, \$1.50 and \$2.00 values; reduced to.....

Bargain No. 5—Men's finished Derby Hats, in black, brown, otter and silver gray colors, \$1.50 and \$2.00 values; reduced to.....

Jacoby Bros.' 65c on the dollar sale

Of Boys' Hats and Caps.

Boys' Hats and Caps. Extra special prices. Boys' Eaton Caps in assorted colors; reduced to.....

Boys' Stitches Turbans in assorted colors, also blue and black; reduced to.....

Children's Yachting Caps in navy blue with gold and silver trimmings; reduced to.....

Children's Steel Wire Frame Tan O' Shantera, just the thing for Midway and fancy juvenile suits, with fancy center-piece embroidered on crown, the colors are drab green blue and brown; reduced to.....

Jacoby Bros.' 65c on the dollar sale

Of Boys' Furnishings.

Boys' Furnishings—75 Doz. Children's Seamless, absolutely fast Black Ribbed Hose, heavy double fifth and toe; at.....

20 Doz. Boy's Fine Gray Ribbed Underwear, silk finished, pearl buttons, worth 80c and 90c; reduced to.....

Boys' Unlaundered Shirts, 80c quality; at.....

Boys' K. & E. Fancy Ruffled Blouses, assorted colors; reduced to.....

Jacoby Bros.' 65c on the dollar sale

In Men's Furnishings.

Men's Furnishings—75 Dozen Men's Laundered White Shirts, reinforced front and back, continuing facing; reduced for this sale to.....

Men's Fancy Trimmed Night Robes, extra heavy, fine finish, full length, at.....

28 Dozen Men's Oil Tan Goat Skin, Fleece-lined Gloves, reduced from 40c to 30c; reduced to.....

40 Dozen All-wool Natural Color Heavy Weight Celebrated Glastenbury Knitting Co.'s Undershirts and Drawers, in all sizes; sold at \$1.25 and \$1.50; reduced for this sale to.....

100 Dozen Men's Natural Color Merino Half Hose, seamless, regular 30c straight; reduced for this sale to.....

Jacoby Bros.' 65c on the dollar sale

Men's Pants and Youths' Suits.

Lot 1—Men's Pants, elegant lines of all-wool, substantially made Cassimere and Cheviot Pants, regular \$2 and \$3.50 values; reduced for this sale to.....

Lot 2—Men's Pants, about 200 pairs, extra-fine hair line Cassimere and fancy Cheviots in plaids and stripes, the latest 1896 fall productions which were sold up to December 31 at \$3, \$3.50 and \$4; for this sale.....

Lot 3—Long Pants Suits, 14 to 19 years, some surprising values taken from our \$4, \$5, \$6 and \$8.50 tables; reduced to.....

Lot 4—Youth's Suits, 12 to 14 years, \$5 and \$10 kinds, elegant patterns and finest make; reduced to.....

WANT THE CONVENTION.

NATIONAL EDUCATIONAL ASSOCIATION MAY COME HERE.

No Building in Los Angeles Large Enough to Accommodate the Teachers—Site of the Old "Fountain Hotel" Might Be Roofed Over.

The Los Angeles teachers are straining every nerve to get the convention of the National Educational Association for this city in 1898. Considerable effort was made to secure the convention of 1896 for Los Angeles, but to no avail, and this year the Southern California pedagogues are not to be balked in their undertaking.

This year's convention will meet in Milwaukee, Wis., in July, and when that the next meeting place of the association will be selected. President Charles R. Skinner, State Superintendent of Schools of New York, and president of the National Educational Association was present at the Southern California Teachers' convention held in this city in December, and expressed himself as being very much pleased with Los Angeles and the condition of the work in this part of the State.

This convention of the Southern California Association passed a resolution inviting the National Association to hold their meeting here for 1898, and a similar invitation was made by resolution in the State Teachers' Association held in San Jose recently.

The convention would bring 15,000 people to the city, people who would make desirable citizens, and whose visit to Los Angeles would be an invaluable advertisement.

A place for the delegates to convene would have to be procured of much larger seating capacity than any of our public buildings afford, and a suggestion has been made that the foundations of the unfinished hotel building at the corner of Tenth and Main streets be floored and tented over would be perhaps as feasible a project as any for accommodating the immense audience that would assemble at the convention.

Such sectional conventions as would be necessary could be held in the Simpson Tabernacle and Hazard's Pavilion.

In regard to the State Teachers' Association convention recently in session in San Jose, Southern California, and Los Angeles took a considerable part, and our home delegates were in more than one instance awarded places of importance on the convention programme, and on boards, committees, etc.

Mrs. Margaret Frick of the Los Angeles High School read a most excellent paper on the subject of "English," which was well received, and Superintendent Foshay's paper on "Physical Culture in Los Angeles," attracted great interest.

The three vacancies in the State Council of Education were filled by the appointment of C. H. Keyes of Berkeley, Superintendent Foshay of Los Angeles and T. L. Heaton of Eureka, and B. J. Griffith of this city was appointed on a committee to further the interests of science in the public schools.

FIVE SERVICES.

The Meetings Held Yesterday at St. Paul's Church.

Five services were conducted by Archdeacon Webber at Saint Paul's Church yesterday. The addresses made were very impressive. "Fasting" was the topic at 10:30 o'clock. At noon, in the Y.M.C.A. Hall, the archdeacon spoke of "The little foxes that spoil the vines." At the afternoon service "The Communion of Saints" was the theme. Last evening a large congregation was present, and the archdeacon explained what the Episcopal church stands for. First, this church stands for the divine-human life of Christ; second, she stands for the value of human forms; third, the church stands for the law of growth in the inner life; fourth, for completed truth; fifth, for a practical doctrine of the trinity; sixth, for worship as the chief thing, the sermon being subordinate; seventh, for the undenominational idea; eighth, she stands for the ancient faith, and not for the opinions of individuals.

MUST GO TO WHITTIER.

Another Member of the Burglar.

F. H. Franklin, one of the gang of five boys who were arrested by the East Los Angeles police some time ago on charges of burglary, was ordered sent to Whittier by Justice Morrison yesterday.

Union Bicycle Run.

All wheelmen and wheelwomen are invited to take part in the union bicycle run to Baldwin's ranch tomorrow. The start will be from in front of the Athletic Club, between Fifth and Sixth streets, on South Spring street, at 9 o'clock Sunday morning. All the local clubs, as well as the Crown City Cycling Club of Pasadena, will take part, and the speed will not be over six miles an hour. There is no charge for taking part.

Turkey dinner will be served at Oakwood Hotel on the ranch, but dinner can also be had at Monrovia and Pasadena. This run is for pleasure only and is not in the interest of any bicycle dealer.

Poster's three and four-seated machines will be used in this run, and will be ridden by some lady riders and their escorts. There will be short stops to rest at Sycamore Grove, the Ostrich Farm and Pasadena.

Held for Trial.

Alfredo Gallardo, the Mexican whom Detective Steele arrested some days ago for stealing shoes from the Broadway Department Store, and against whom a prior conviction was filed, was held by the Superior Court in bonds of \$100 to Justice Owens.

Advice for Young Men.

An address to the "night students" of the Y.M.C.A. educational classes was given by Prof. Felker, in the association's rooms, last evening, at the request of the Educational Committee. The "Possibilities of the Night Students" was the theme of the address.

WENDELL EASTON, President.

GEO. D. EASTON, Secretary.

GEORGE EASTON, Vice-President.

ANGLO-CALIFORNIA BANK, (Ltd.) Treasurer.



Take the S. P. Train via Ontario, to the

Chino Ranch..

San Bernardino County, California.

If you have any idea of purchasing in California.

Alfalfa, Sugar Beet, Grain or Deciduous Fruit Lands.

TITLE PERFECT. PRICES LOW.

TERMS:—One-fourth only in cash, balance in 1, 2 and 3 years, with interest at 8 per cent.

NOTE—To purchases made at once the crop rental for 1897 will be credited as part payment. DON'T DELAY YOUR INVESTIGATION. Call on or address

EASTON, ELDRIDGE & CO.,

121 So. Broadway, Los Angeles. Or Land Company Building, Chino, Cal.

The students were encouraged by the speaker to exercise pluck, perseverance and industry; live lives of purity and goodness, be courageous, determined and of good cheer to the end that success might be attained in the vocation or profession chosen by each.

Haynes for Umpire.

Mr. Haynes of Pasadena has been secured by the local management to umpire all games of the Angel City League, and will officiate next Sunday.

On account of the sudden death of his mother, Tommie Early, shortstop of the Los Angeles team, will not play Sunday. A new man has been signed as an infielder by Manager Woolley.

1896-1897.

Southern California

For Pleasure and Profit.
AN ENCYCLOPEDIA OF INFORMATION

For Residents and Tourists.
The Office, The Home,
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The old reliable, never-failing Specialists established 1874. Dispensaries in Chicago, Kansas City, Dallas (Montana), San Francisco and Los Angeles.

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Real private diseases of Men.
Not a Dollar Need Be Paid Until Cured

CATARH a specialty. We cure the worst cases in two to three days.
GLEET of years standing cured promptly. Wasting drains of all kinds in man or woman speedily cured.

Examination, including Analysis, Free

No matter what your trouble is, nor who has failed, come and see us. You will not regret it. In Nature's laboratory there is a remedy for every disease. We have the remedy for yours. Come and get it. The poor treated free on Fridays from 10 to 12.

123 SOUTH MAIN STREET.

The King of Pills is BEECHAM'S—BEECHAM.